

Alexander Technique Concept	Related Scientific Concepts	Evidence?
Positions of Mechanical Advantage	Ergonomics & Biomechanics	Lots
Use Affects Function	Dynamic Postural Tone; Deep vs. Surface Muscles	Some
<u>Direction</u>	Intention; Motor Imagery	Some
Primary Control	Neck Physiology	A Little
<u>Inhibition</u>	Inhibitory Control	Lots
End-Gaining	Motor Preparation	Almost None
Faulty Sensory Appreciation	Sensation vs. Perception; Body Schema, Proprioception	Lots
The Force of Habit	Satisficing vs. Optimizing	Some
Unity of the Self	Embodied Cognition; Parkinson's disease; Neural Circuitry	Some



### PRESENT POSITION: UNIVERSITY OF IDAHO

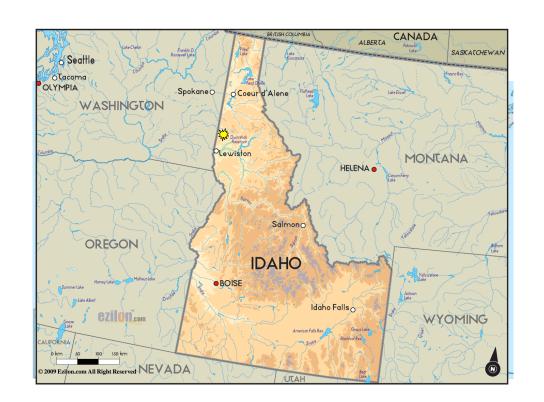
Associate Professor

Department Of Psychology & Communication

Affiliate Faculty
Department Of Biological Sciences

Graduate Faculty
Human Factors & Neuroscience





## COLLABORATION WITH OTHER AT SCIENTISTS

With Tim Cacciatore: theory paper and Twister grant

With Monika Gross: studies on AT for care partners and patient populations

With Molly Johnson: data comparing AT teachers to matched controls

With Gabriella Minnes-Brandes & Patrick Johnson: qualitative study

With Tim Cacciatore, Patrick Johnson, and Andrew McCann: AT Science Website

Research Topic	What's new or relevant?
Inhibition & end-gaining	Relation to habitual posture Relation to movement preparation

## INHIBITION -> INHIBITORY CONTROL

- Ability to withhold a response
- Important topic in
  - Neuroscience
  - Psychology
- Component of executive function
- Associated with choice

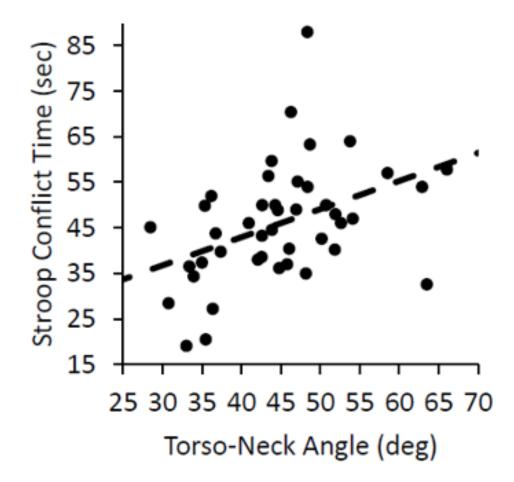


## INHIBITORY CONTROL IS RELATED TO HABITUAL HEAD CARRIAGE

**Stroop Conflict** 

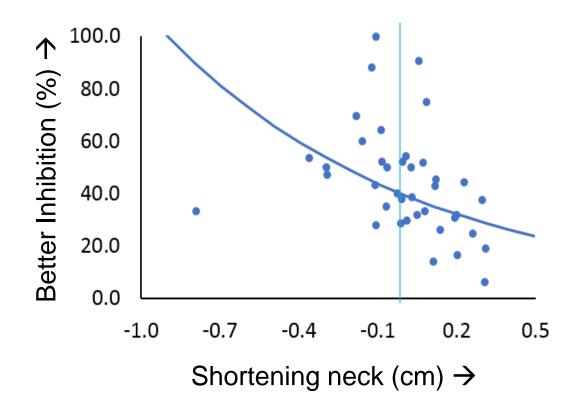
Name the Colors

Green Black Red Purple Blue



### END-GAINING & INHIBITION



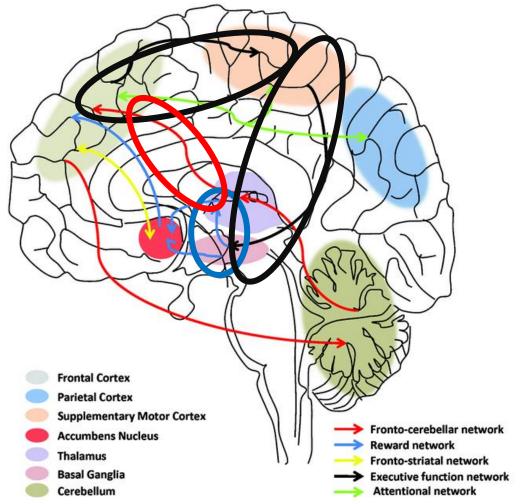


Subjects with poor inhibitory control shortened their necks before walking.

Research Topic	What's new or relevant?
Inhibition & end-gaining	Relation to habitual posture Relation to movement preparation
Parkinson's disease as opposite of Alex tech	Brainstem-basal ganglia-cortical connections

MOVEMENT IS NOT SEPARATE FROM THOUGHT

- "Cognitive centers" and "movement centers" are deeply interconnected
- This is most obvious in neurological disorders such as Parkinson's



## PARKINSON'S DISEASE AS OPPOSITE OF ALEXANDER TECHNIQUE

- Second-most common neurodegenerative disorder (1% over age 60)
- Cardinal Symptoms
  - Slow
- Rigid
  - Stooped
  - Tremor
  - Non-motor symptoms
  - Executive functions (e.g. inhibition)
- Motivation
  - Proprioception/Kinesthesia



Cognitive & Motor Symptoms

Research Topic	What's new or relevant?
Inhibition & end-gaining	Relation to habitual posture Relation to movement preparation
Parkinson's disease as opposite of Alex tech	Brainstem-basal ganglia-cortical connections
Direction / Postural Intention	Effects on tone, balance, and mobility

### DIRECTION AS POSTURAL INTENTION

 Can psychomotor <u>intentions</u> have global <u>effects</u> on the whole self, including posture and movement?



# CAN POSTURAL INTENTIONS MODIFY BALANCE, TONE, AND MOBILITY?

#### Conditions

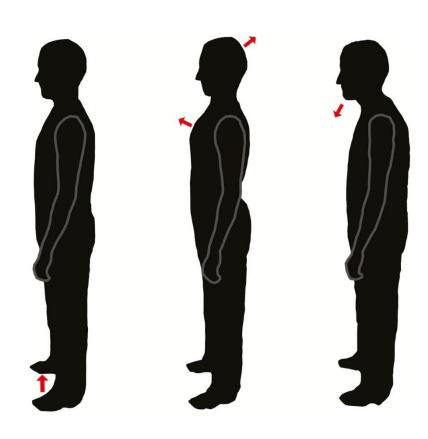
- A. "Light" Allow your bones to send you up.
- B. "Effortful" Use muscular effort to pull yourself up tall.
- C. "Relaxed" Stand as if you feel tired and heavy.

#### Protocol

- Brief instruction followed by performance of tasks
- All subjects performed in all conditions

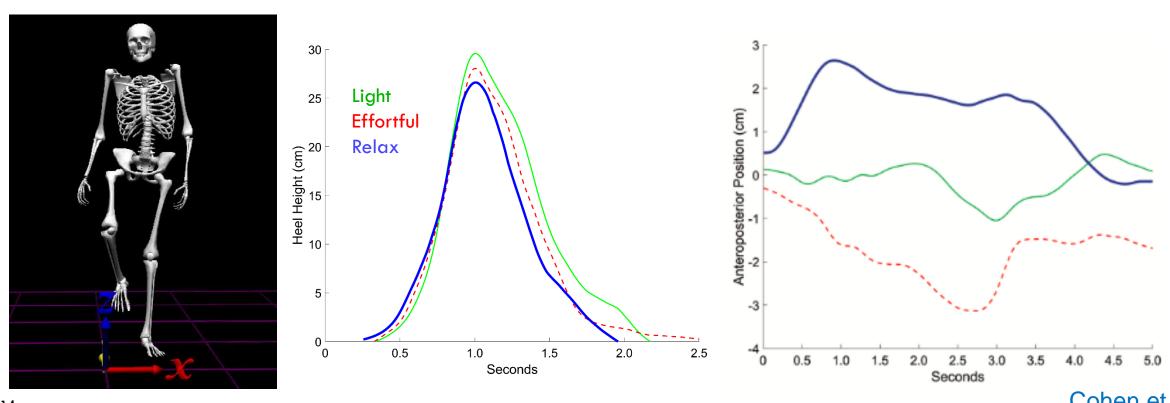
#### Participants

- 20 adults with Parkinson's disease
- 20 healthy older adults

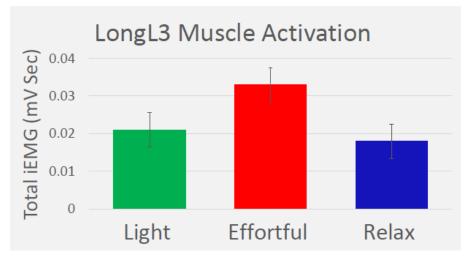


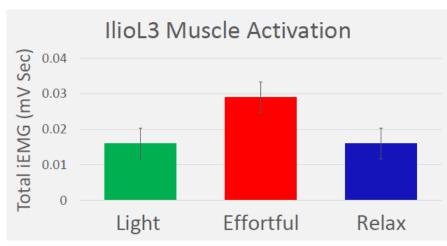
## POSTURAL INTENTION AFFECTS BALANCE

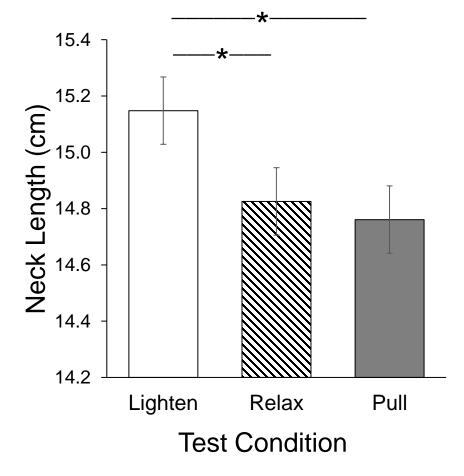
"Light" → Longest time in air & least balance disturbance



## INTENTIONS AFFECT MUSCLE ACTIVITY AND SPINAL COMPRESSION

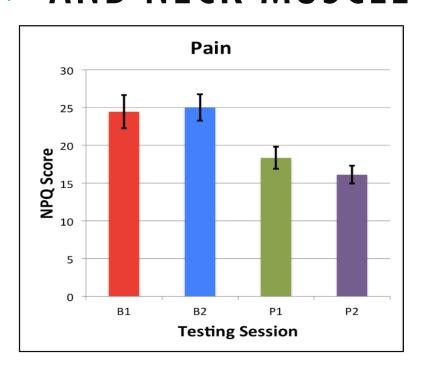






Research Topic	What's new or relevant?
Inhibition & end-gaining	Relation to habitual posture Relation to movement preparation
Parkinson's disease as opposite of Alex tech	Brainstem-cortical connections
Direction / Postural Intention	Intention changes postural tone and mobility
Distribution of muscle tone following AT class	Group intervention for neck pain Comparison to exercise

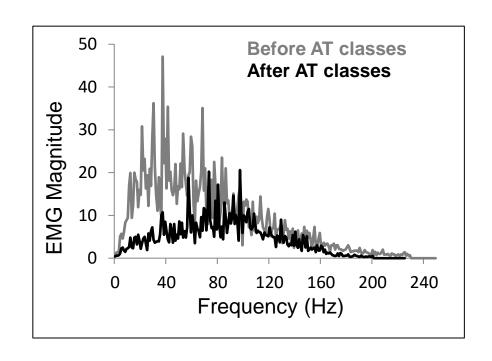
## EFFECTS OF AT GROUP COURSE ON NECK PAIN AND NECK MUSCLE ACTIVITY



Pretest 1 (B1)
Pretest 2 (B2)

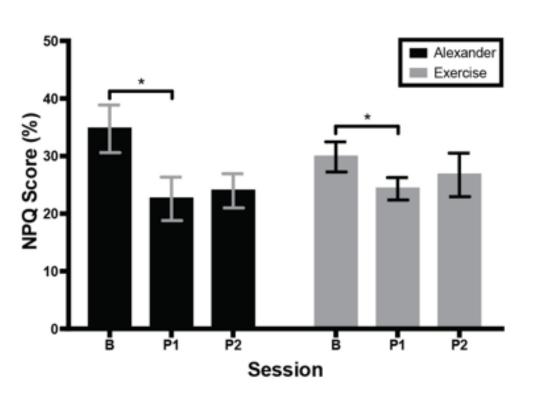
Posttest 1 (P1)

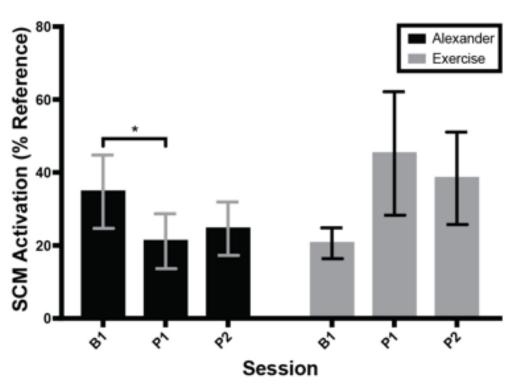
Posttest 2 (P2)



Alexander group classes reduce neck pain and activity of surface neck muscles.

### REPLICATION & COMPARISON TO EXERCISE





AT group classes reduced reliance on surface neck muscles.

Exercise did not.

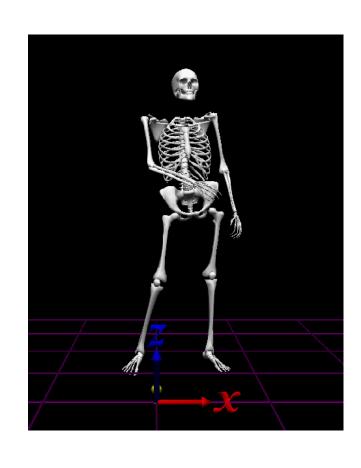


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## University of Idaho

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