### Receivables Automation: What's Here & What's Coming

## **County Treasurers Association of Ohio**

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### **Presentation Description**

- This session will be a high-level overview of explaining Automation and how it can impact the receivables process for Treasurers. In addition, with Blockchain technology on the rise, PNC will explain the process of Blockchain technology, the benefits of using Blockchain, and its development within the industry.
- Will cover
  - -Review key **sources** of bill and service payments
  - Technology **solutions** with pros & cons
  - -Highlighting new technologies to improve cost, efficiency & convenience
  - -Brief overview of **Blockchain** and where this could play a role in future Receivables
  - Checklist for your assessment of your County payment collection services

### Outline





**Payment Instruments** 

**Payment Processing Options** 

Putting The Pieces Together

**Technology Advancements** 

Blockchain

### **Receivables Overview**

**County Government Receipt Sources** 













Three (3) factors of ANY payment (particularly Bill Payment)

Secure method of *transferring funds* 

Carry sufficient remittance detail to post the payment

Fit in the Payer's *workflow* (aka Convenience)

• These factors drive payment practices of **Businesses** and **Consumers** 







		Factors		In-House	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party
	Lockbox	Mailing	Pros	• Local Zip	<ul> <li>High-Speed Remit Zip</li> <li>Better Regional &amp; National Collection</li> </ul>
	Operator	Location	Cons	Mail once per day	<ul> <li>Preferred Ohio Mailing Address</li> </ul>
	-	Staffing	Pros	<ul> <li>Seasoned staff w/ experience</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Specialized processing staff</li> </ul>
	Phone IVR		Cons	<ul> <li>Small staff, risk of turnover</li> </ul>	Impact on jobs
		Processing Timeliness	Pros	Could be single shift	<ul> <li>24 x 7</li> <li>Technology to expedite handling</li> </ul>
	Web or		Cons	Weekend processing?	<ul> <li>Better Regional &amp; National Collection</li> <li>Preferred Ohio Mailing Address</li> <li>Specialized processing staff</li> <li>Impact on jobs</li> <li>24 x 7</li> <li>Technology to expedite</li> </ul>
	Mobile EBPP	Technology Investments	Pros	<ul> <li>Deploying depreciated technology</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Integration of Paper &amp;</li> </ul>
	Government Offices		Cons	<ul> <li>Aging system</li> <li>Cost of reinvesting</li> <li>Limited Back-Up / Contingency</li> </ul>	
	Kiosk		Pros	Internal servers	-
	NIUSK	Data Security	Cons	<ul> <li>Level of security built into transaction processing systems</li> </ul>	



		Factors		In-House	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party
	Lockbox Operator	Credit / Debit Card Capture	Pros	<ul> <li>May be using a merchant terminal, no physical card number storage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>IVR-based option</li> <li>In-house staff accessing secure website for payment processing</li> </ul>
			Cons	<ul> <li>Writing down card numbers (if not routine, when terminal is "down")</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Relies on IVR or your in- house staff for operator assistance</li> </ul>
	Phone IVR	Data Storage	Pros	<ul> <li>If merchant terminal, no physical data storage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Secure servers</li> <li>HTTPS 128-Bit Encryption website</li> <li>IVR accesses same system</li> <li>Stored account data for future payments</li> </ul>
	Web or Mobile EBPP		Cons	<ul> <li>Writing down card numbers (if not routine, when terminal is "down")</li> <li>Allowing any payment info via email</li> </ul>	Vendor assessment to ensure data security compliance
	Government Offices	Recurring	Pros		Available via Web & IVR
		Payment Set- Up	Cons	<ul> <li>If operator assist, not likely available</li> </ul>	
	Kiosk				



		Factors		In-House	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party
	Lockbox	Credit / Debit	Pros	<ul> <li>In-house developed, specific to needs</li> </ul>	<ul><li>IVR-based option</li><li>Secure website</li></ul>
		Card Capture	Cons	<ul><li>Security of data in servers</li><li>Web AND Mobile?</li></ul>	
	Operator Phone IVR	Bill Presentment	Pros	<ul> <li>In-house developed, specific to needs</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Functionality of specialized EBPP system</li> <li>Options for viewing bill summary &amp; detail</li> <li>MAY be presentable on Home Banking Systems</li> </ul>
			Cons	<ul> <li>If in-house developed, may be limited in functionality</li> </ul>	
	Web or Mobile EBPP	Data Storage	Pros	<ul> <li>If merchant terminal, no physical data storage</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Secure servers</li> <li>Stored account data for future payments</li> </ul>
	Government Offices	Data Storage	Cons		<ul> <li>Vendor assessment to ensure data security compliance</li> </ul>
		Payment Posting	Pros		Single system with single payment file for all sources
	Kiosk		Cons	• May be manual	
		Recurring Payment Set- Up	Pros		Available via Web & IVR
			Cons	<ul> <li>If operator assist, not likely available</li> </ul>	



		Factors		In-House	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party
	Lockbox Operator	Cash		<ul> <li>Really the ONLY method</li> <li>Options:         <ul> <li>Employee branch deposits</li> <li>Armored carrier pick- ups</li> <li>Smart Safes</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use of Smart Safes</li> </ul>
			Cons	<ul> <li>Risk of employees carrying cash to bank branch</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Volume of cash factor in justifying Smart Safes</li> </ul>
	Phone IVR	Card	Pros	EMV Card-Present terminal capture	
		Processing	Cons		
	Web or Mobile EBPP		Pros		On-line portal security – DIRECT Payer or County employee access
	Government Offices	Data Security	Cons	<ul> <li>Writing down Card numbers (if not routine, could be when terminal is down or short on time)</li> </ul>	
RECEPTION		Payment	Pros		Automated AND can be Integrated
	Kiosk	Posting	Cons	May be manual	



		Factors		In-House	3 <sup>rd</sup> Party
	Lockbox Operator	Cash	Pros		<ul> <li>Secure cash acceptors</li> <li>Armored carrier cash extraction</li> <li>Reduce cost of daily cash pickups (e.g. weekly)</li> <li>Avoid risk of employees carrying cash</li> </ul>
		-	Cons		<ul> <li>Cost of Kiosks, Armored Carrier &amp; cash handling services</li> </ul>
	Phone IVR Web or	Card Processing	Pros	NA	<ul> <li>Securely integrated capture with EMV and/or Mag Stripe reading</li> <li>"Card Present" interchange rates</li> </ul>
	Mobile EBPP		Cons		
RECEPTION	Government	Data Security	Pros		<ul> <li>Secure system, no direct employee access</li> </ul>
	Offices		Cons		
		Payment	Pros		Integrated data feed
	"Kiosk	Posting	Cons		

### **Putting The Pieces Together**



PNC

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**Real and Near-Real-Time Payments** 

**Bank Account Verification Processes** 

### Artificial Intelligence in Receivables Payment Processing

### Same Day ACH

• Still batch-based, but enables same day settlement

### **RTP – Real-Time Payments**

- Totally NEW payment rail
- Connectively secured within the banking systems
- Can carry remittance information
- Can be used as a Collection tool

### Zelle

- Utilizes existing payment rails BUT
- Enables real-time payment request and validation
- Send to Email Address or Mobile Phone



# Not traditionally available, BUT, there are now *new technologies* of Banks and Technology Partners

### Validation of:

- Account information (open & active status ONLY), OR
- Account information AND sufficient "point in time" balances (ie. Doesn't place a "hold")



More of a factor with Business payments; some functionality that can apply to Consumer payments

Not just intended to reduce staff handling, but improve accuracy

"Learns" payor practices

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### Blockchain and Bitcoin Technology: What's the Difference?

Bitcoin, or cryptocurrency, is digital currency - Measures the market value of goods & services - Intermediates the exchange of goods & services

- Transactions are captured on the Bitcoin Blockchain



Blockchain is a distributed ledger application

- Extends beyond Bitcoin
- Keeps an immutable record of information, transactions, and changes to the value of an asset
- Enables value or information to move securely from one party to another
- Allows for programmability of transfer

Source: Democratized trust: The rise of blockchain, Deloitte, Jan 2016

### What is a distributed ledger technology?

- **PNC**
- Distributed ledger technology (DLT) is a *network of independent computers* where:
  - Data is *immediately shared and synchronized* across multiple sites, institutions or geographies
  - Transactions, or activity, is *validated* to be recorded on the ledger via *consensus* of nodes on the network
  - Information is securely and accurately stored using *cryptography* and is only accessible using keys and cryptographic signatures
  - -The database is *governed* by the rules of the network

### A decentralized network eliminates the need for a "centralized authority"



### A distributed ledger network can be public or private

## Distributed ledger will positively disrupt business processes





#### Distributed Network

- Computers sharing and "hosting" the **exact history of activity** 



#### Security / Privacy

- Enhances security and privacy through encryption



### Single Source of Truth

 Provides a single, consistent and shared view of the state of a business process



### Immutable Record

-No one unilaterally has the power to edit transactions



#### Provenance

-Establishes provenance, or a *record of an entire transaction* 



#### Smart" Contracts

- Automates transaction execution and integrate workflows

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- Checklist of Payment Sources & Processing Alternatives – Which do you accept?
  - -Which are your greatest challenges for effectively posting payment details?
- Status of vendor & in-house systems
  - Age / status of upgrades?
  - Contingency & business continuity functionality
  - -Data security
- Evaluate vendor systems
  - Specialized Government / Public Finance information & payment systems
  - -Ask your bank to provide insight regarding their solutions across these channels

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