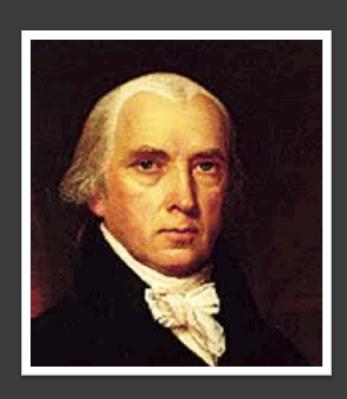


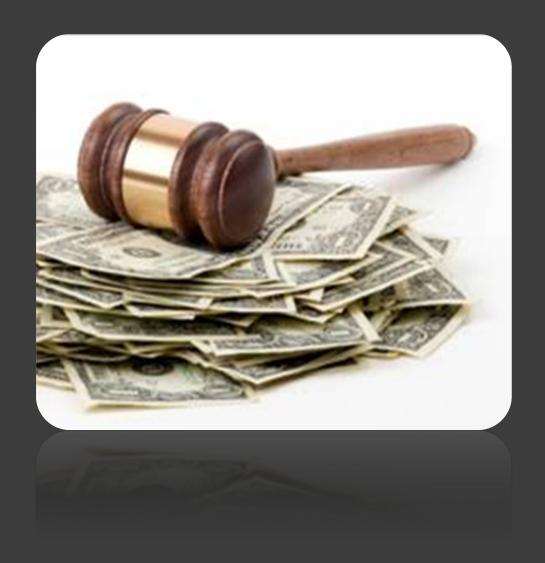
Using Ohio's Public Records Act to Promote Open and Accountable Government

A seminar for public officials, citizens, and the media presented by Ohio Attorney General Mike DeWine

WHY DO WE CARE?







PUBLIC RECORDS ACT OVERVIEW



WHAT IS A PUBLIC RECORD?

Ohio Revised Code Section 149.43





"'Public Record' means <u>records kept by</u> any <u>public office</u>..."



WHO IS SUBJECT TO THE PRA?

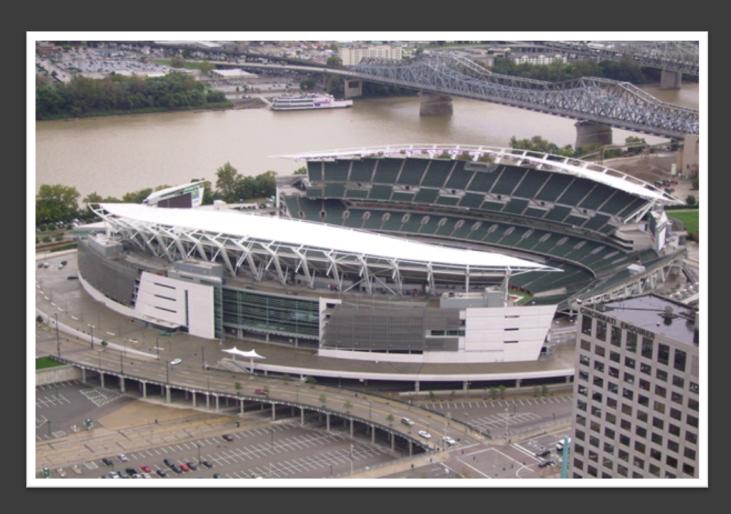
Public Offices

Persons Responsible

Functional Equivalents



PRIVATE ENTITIES PERFORMING GOVERNMENT WORK



FUNCTIONAL EQUIVALENCE

- 1. Performing a governmental function
- 2. Level of government funding
- 3. Government involvement or regulation
- 4. Created to avoid requirements of the PRA

DEFINITION OF RECORD

Fixed Medium



Created, Received, Under Jurisdiction



Documents Activities

Fixed medium:









Not fixed medium:



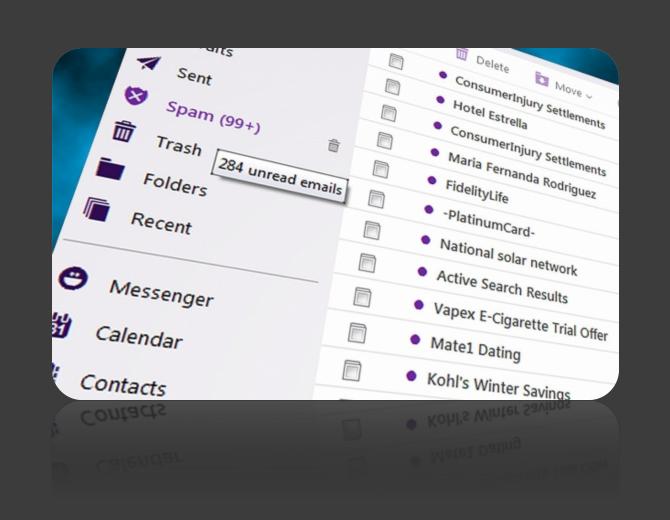




CREATED, RECEIVED BY, OR COMING UNDER THE JURISDICTION OF A PUBLIC OFFICE



DOCUMENTS ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE



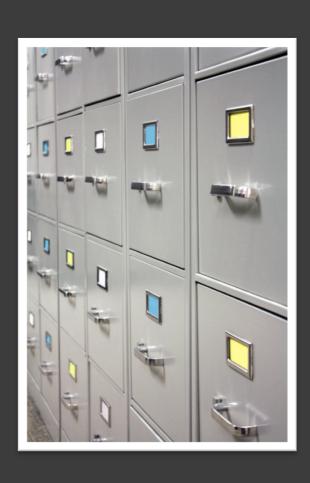
DOCUMENTS ACTIVITIES OF THE OFFICE

http://www.ohiochannel.org/MediaLibrary/Media.aspx?fileId=119414





PUBLIC RECORDS — RECORDS "KEPT BY" ANY PUBLIC OFFICE





RECORD VS. NON-RECORD

- PRA does not apply to non-records
- Non-record items can be redacted or removed
- Non-record ≠ confidential

NOTES

Not records if:

- 1. Personal papers
- 2. Kept for convenience; and
- 3. Others did not use/access







DRAFTS



- Record?
- Transient?

QUIZ

"I'd like copies of all the pictures that the Attorney General has on his desk."





Fixed medium

Created, received, under jurisdiction of office



Documents activities of the office

Non-record



QUIZ



"Send me a copy of AAG Joe Smith's personal cell phone call detail statement - he receives a state employee discount on his bill!"



Record?



Non-record?



Fixed medium

- X
- Created, received, under jurisdiction of office
- X

Documents activities of the office



WHO CAN MAKE A PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST?



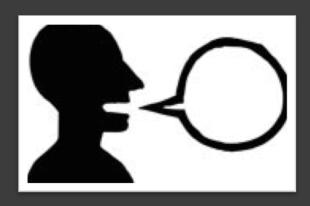


Any "person"





NO WRITING, OR SPECIAL FORMAT, OR PARTICULAR LANGUAGE REQUIRED





Verbal or Written

PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST FORM	



IDENTITY AND MOTIVE IRRELEVANT

Cannot ask for motive unless specifically authorized by law





Cannot demand the identity of the requester

REQUESTER'S RIGHTS TO: INSPECT OR COPY





COPIES

Requester can choose:

- 1. Paper
- 2. Medium record is kept on
- 3. Any other reasonably available medium







INSPECTION: REASONABLE TIMES DURING BUSINESS HOURS







TIME TO RESPOND



Includes time to:

- 1. Retrieve
- 2. Review
- 3. Obtain legal advice
- 4. Redact

PUBLIC RECORDS POLICIES

Model Public Records Policy available at www.OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov/Publications

Model Public Records Policy for Public Offices Pursuant to R.C. 149.43(E)

MISSION STATEMENT

Openness leads to a better informed citizenry, which leads to better government and better public policy. It is the mission and intent of **[public office]** to st all times fully comply with and abide by both the spirit and the letter of Ohio's Public Records Act.

DEFINING PUBLIC RECORDS

A "record" is defined to include the following: A document in any format — paper, electronic (including, but not limited to, business —mail) — that is created, received by, or comes under the jurisdiction of [public office] that documents the organization, functions policies decisions procedures progrations or other articles of the office.

A "public record" is a "record" that is being kept by this office at the time a public records request is made, subject to applicable exemptions from disclosure under Ohio or federal law. All public records must be organized and maintained in such a way that they can be made available for inspection and copying.

RESPONSE TIMEFRAME

Public records are to be available for inspection during regular business hours. Public inverse records must be made available for inspection prompt. Copies of public records must be records must be made available within a reasonable period of time. "Prompt and "reasonable" take in in account the volume of records requised, the proximity of the location where the records are stored, the necessity for any legal review and redaction, and other facts and circumstances of the accords requised.

It is the goal of **[public office]** that all requests for public records should be acknowledged in writing or, if feasible, satisfied within three business days following the office's receipt of the request.

HANDLING REQUESTS

No specific language is required to make a request for public records. However, the requester must at least identify the records requested with sufficient clarity to allow the office to identify, retrieve, and review the records.

The requester does not have to put a records request in writing, and does not have to provide his or her identity or the intended use of the requested public records [It is this office's general policy that this information is not to be requested. However, the law does permit not office to ask for a written request, the requester's identity, and/or me does permit not office to ask for a written request, the requester's identity, and/or me of identity or intended use would benefit their requester by sehancing the offices's ability to identify, locate, or deliver the public records that they been requested and (2) the

requester is first told that a written request is not required and that the requester may decline to reveal the requester's identity or intended use.

In processing the request, the office does not have an obligation to create new records or perform a search or research for information in the office's records. An electronic record is deemed to exist so long as a computer is already programmed to produce the record through the office's standard use of south, filtering, or guering features. Although not required by leav the office should consider generating new records when it.

In processing a request for inspection of a public record, an office employee may accompany the requester during inspection to make certain original records are not taken or altered.

A copy of the most recent edition of the Ohio Sunshine Laws Manual is available via the Attorney General's website (www.ohioattomeygeneral.gov/YellowBook) for the purpose of keeping employees of the office and the public educated as to the office's obligations under Ohio's Fublic Records Act, Ohio's Open Meetings Act, records retention laws, and Poshol's Information Systems Act.

ELECTRONIC RECORDS

Records in the form of e-mail, text messaging, and instant messaging, including those sent and received via a hand-held communications device, are to be treated in the same fashion as records in other formats, such as paper or audiotage.

Public record content transmitted to or from private accounts or personal devices is subject to disclosure. All employees or representatives of this office are required to retain their e-mail records and other electronic records in accordance with applicable records retention schedules.

DENIAL AND REDACTION OF RECORDS

If the requester makes an ambiguous or overly broad request or has difficulty in making a request such that the office cannot reasonably identify what public records are being requested, the request may be denied, but the office must then provide the requester may be denied, but the office must then provide the request may be requested or provide the request of the manner in which records are maintained and accessed by the office.

If the office withholds, redacts, or otherwise denies requested records, it must provide an explanation, including legial authority, for the definite). If the initial request was made in writing, the explanation must also be in writing. If portions of a record are public and portions are exempt, the exempt protrions may be redacted and the rest must be released. When making public records available for public inspection or copying, the office shall notly the requester of punit visible.

COPYING AND MAILING COSTS

Those seeking public records may be charged only the actual cost of making copies, not labor. The charge for paper copies is DXI cents per page. The charge for electronic fles downloaded to a compact disc is DXI per disc.

A requester may be required to pay in advance for the actual costs involved in providing the copy. The requester may choose whether to have the record duplicated upon paper, upon the same medium on which the public record is kept, or upon any other medium on which the office determines that the record can reasonably be duplicated as an integral part of the office's normal operations.

If a requester asks that documents be delivered to them, he or she may be charged the actual cost of the postage and mailing supplies, or other actual costs of delivery. There is no charge for e-mailed documents.

MANAGING RECORDS

[Public office] are cords are subject to records retention schedules. The office's current schedules are available at [Docation], a location readily available to the public as required by Ohio Revised Code §149.43(B)(2).

2

A PROPER REQUEST

- 1. Seeks existing records
- 2. Not research or information





IS THE REQUEST AMBIGUOUS, OR OVERLY BROAD?

Requester has a responsibility to identify records with "reasonable clarity"



LIMITS ON REQUESTS



NEGOTIATE



Required when denying request as ambiguous or overly broad

Explain how records are maintained and accessed





OPTION TO ASK FOR PURPOSE, IDENTITY, OR WRITTEN REQUEST

Conditions:

Must enhance ability to identify, locate, or deliver records

AND

Advise that providing information is not required

CHARGING?



ACTUAL COST

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=PZbqAMEwtOE









DELIVERY?

Any available means







GO ABOVE AND BEYOND



Time

Save...







Conflict



LEGISLATURE CAN CHANGE RULES



MAKING NON-RECORDS RECORDS

Employee birth dates



MORE ACCESS FOR CERTAIN REQUESTERS

Journalists



Next of kin and Insurers (coroners' records)





INMATES



SOME OFFICES CAN CHARGE MORE





EXCEPTIONS ARE ONLY CREATED BY APPLICABLE STATE OR FEDERAL LAW

NOT by contract



MANDATORY EXCEPTIONS



No choice but to withhold



EXAMPLES OF MANDATORY EXCEPTIONS

Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)





Law Enforcement Automated Data System (LEADS)



DISCRETIONARY



May withhold, but not required to

Juvenile records

NO EXCEPTIONS

Government job application materials



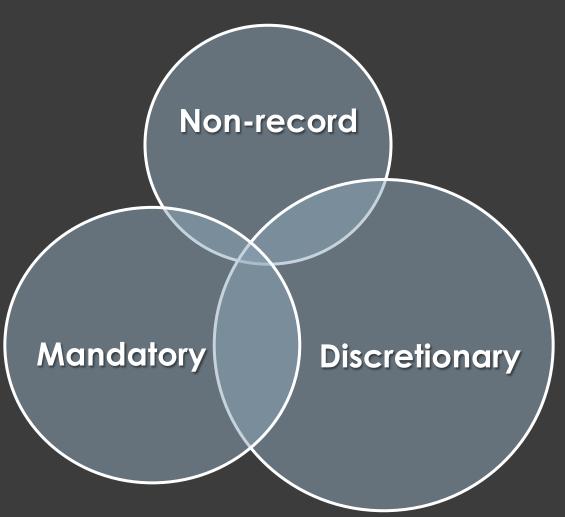
Ohio Civil Service Application for States Compt Agreement for States Compt

General Privacy

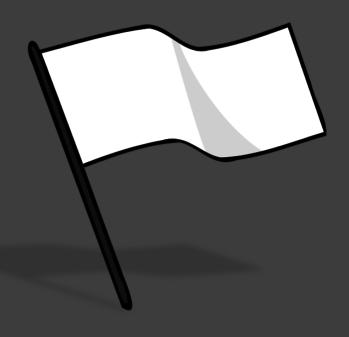




MULTIPLE/MIXED EXCEPTIONS



WAIVER?



Intentional disclosure

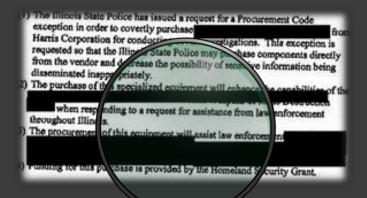


Permanent waiver



WITHHOLDING/REDACTING

Notify where you've withheld



Provide explanation <u>and</u>
 the legal authority!



PROTECTED INFORMATION MAY BE WITHHELD



WITHHOLD IN GOOD FAITH

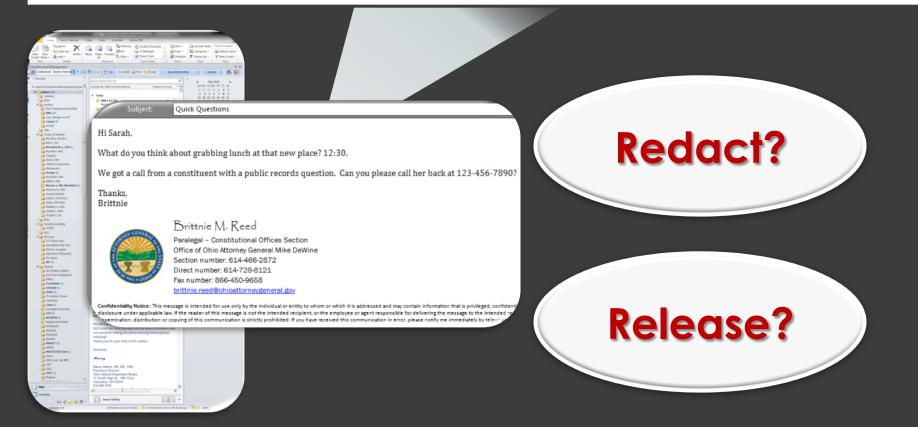




EXAMPLE

Hi Sarah,

We got a call from a constituent with a public records question. Can you please call her back at 123-456-7890?





Constitutional Offices Section Office: (614) 466-2872 Fax: (614) 728-7592

30 East Broad Street, 16th Floor Columbus, Ohio 43215 www.OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov

February 24, 2016

Jane Smith 123 Main St. Columbus, Ohio 43215 jms5@jms5.com

Re: Public Records Request # 16-001

On behalf of Ohio Attorney General Mike DeWine, I am writing in response to your public records request letter dated February 10, 2016, which our office received on February 12, 2016. A copy of your letter is attached for reference.

Please find attached the records responsive to your request. Note that we have redacted or withheld information that is not a record of our office, pursuant to *State ex rel. Dispatch Printing Co. v. Johnson*, 106 Ohio St.3d 160, 2005-Ohio-4384, 833 N.E.2d 274 and *State ex rel. Fant v. Enright*, 66 Ohio St.3d 186, 610 N.E.2d 997 (1993).

If you have any questions or concerns regarding this request, please feel free to contact the Public Records Unit at 614-466-2872.

Brittnie M. Reed Paralegal - Public Records Unit

Attachments

cc: Renata Y. Staff, Associate Assistant Attorney General, Public Records Unit



REDACTING VS. WITHHOLDING

http://www.ohiochannel.org/MediaLibrary/Media.aspx?fileId=146519

Redact

Withhold



QUIZ

α υ . 	al	ll applicable pub	olic records laws.	
Ohio Civil Ser for State and Control of the State of Ohio is an Equal Opportunity and Control of Ohio	County Agenc REVISED 19/08)	NK DATE	OF BIRTH - Year	Not Required
Please submit one application per position or examination to the a Copies are acceptable. Applications lacking sufficient information or postmarked by the closing date, as required by the hiring agence	n will not be processed. y. Please be sure to com	Please ensure your application is received inplete the entire application. Also note that,		
NAME: (Last, First, Middle) BUCKEYE, BALKY	OR PRINT IN INK	DATE OF BIRTH - Year Not Required Month JUNE Day 12 COUNTY: SUMM IT		
HOME PHONE: (330) 555-670 ALTERNATE PHONE DRIVER'S LICENSE: Yes \(\text{No} \) No STATE: OH CLASS: (ONE: 330) 555 - 1925	E-MAIL ADDRESS: REDS RULE P GMAIL . COM LEGAL RIGHT TO WORK IN THE U. S.: Yes No		Redact
PREFERRED SALARY:	☐ Yes ☐ No			
WHAT TYPE OF JOB ARE YOU LOOKING FOR? Regular	Full-Time		Stata ov r	al Pagan
Day Evening Night Rotating Weekends On Call (as needed) EDUCATION HIGH SCHOOL NAME: LOCATION: (City, State) DID VOL CRADUATE? Ves No			Sidie ex i Iournal Publ	el.Beacon ''a Co. v. C



State ex rel. Beacon Journal Publ'g Co. v. City of Akron, 70 Ohio St.3d 605

QUIZ

ADDRESS: (Street	, City, S	tate, Z	IP Code)	1971 B		
				POSITION:		
POSITION: INVESTIGATOR AGENCY	Y: AGO	,	POSITION NUMBER:			
Please submit one application per position or examination to the ad-						
Copies are acceptable. Applications lacking sufficient information or postmarked by the closing date, as required by the hiring agency once submitted to a governmental agency, this completed form will	. Please be sure to co	mplete the entire	application. Also note that			
PLEASE TYPE OR PRINT IN INK * SSN 123-45-6789						
NAME: (Last, First, Middle) BUCKEYE, BARRY B. DATE OF BIRTH - Year Not Required Month JUNE Day 12						
ADDRESS: (Street, City, State, ZIP Code) 1971 BROW		COUNTY:	SUMM IT			
HOME PHONE: (330) 555-6707 ALTERNATE PHO	NE: 30) 555-1925	E-MAIL AD	DRESS: LE P GMAIL.COM			
DRIVER'S LICENSE:		LEGAL RIGHT TO WORK IN				
Yes No STATE: OH CLASS: CDL		THE U. S.: Yes No				
PREFER	RENCES					
PREFERRED SALARY:	ARE YOU WILLING TO RELOCATE?		ATE?			
	Yes No Maybe					
		K YOU WILL ACCEPT:				
Regular Temporary	Part-Time					
SHIFTS YOU WILL ACCEPT: Day Evening Night Rotating Weeke	ends On Call (a	s needed)				
EDUCA	ATION					
HIGH SCHOOL NAME: LOCATIO	N: (City, State)	ND VOU CDA	DUATE2 Ves No			

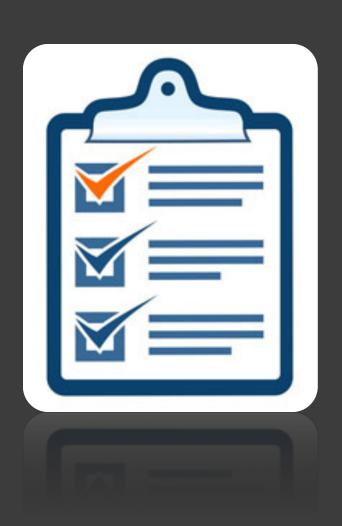
ROWNS BLVD. INVESTIGATOR

Redact?

Also consider protections for certain covered professionals, R.C. 149.43(A)(7)

PREPARATION

- Training
- Lists
- RecordsRetentionSchedules
- Resources

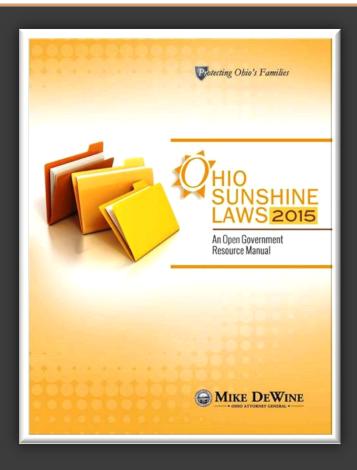


CONSULT YOUR LEGAL COUNSEL



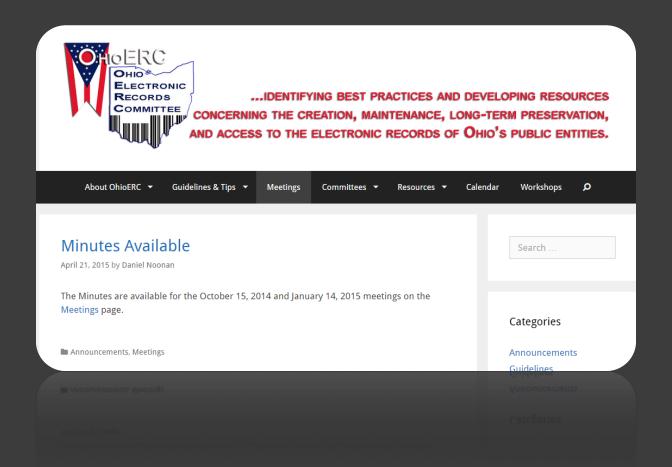
OHIO SUNSHINE LAWS MANUAL

www.OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov/YellowBook



OHIO ELECTRONIC RECORDS COMMITTEE

www.OhioERC.org



DO MORE THAN IS REQUIRED





NEGOTIATE TO A WIN-WIN SOLUTION



DOCUMENTING REQUESTS

Benefits:

- Defending litigation
- Duplicative requests

Z	А	В	С	D	E	F				
1	PUBLIC RECORDS REQUEST LOG									
2										
3										
4										
5										
6										
7										
8										

WHAT TO DOCUMENT:

- 1. The request itself
- 2. Acknowledgement of request
- 3. Communication with requester
- 4. All steps taken
- 5. Records provided
 - AOS Bulletin 2011-006



OTHER PRACTICAL TIPS



- Contact legal counsel early
- Negotiate if appropriate

POTENTIAL LIABILITIES

- Mandamus or Court of Claims proceeding
- Order to produce records
- Statutory damages
- Attorney fees



REQUIREMENTS FOR STATUTORY DAMAGES

Certified mail or hand delivery

AND

2 Lost use of records

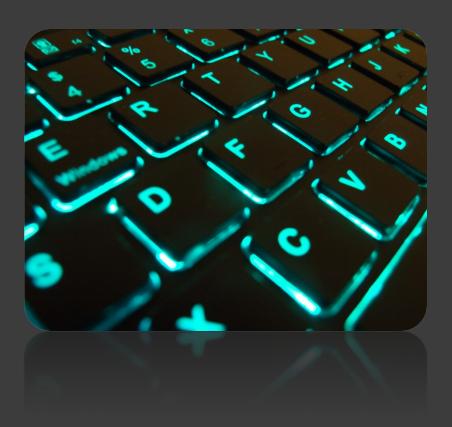


ATTORNEY FEES

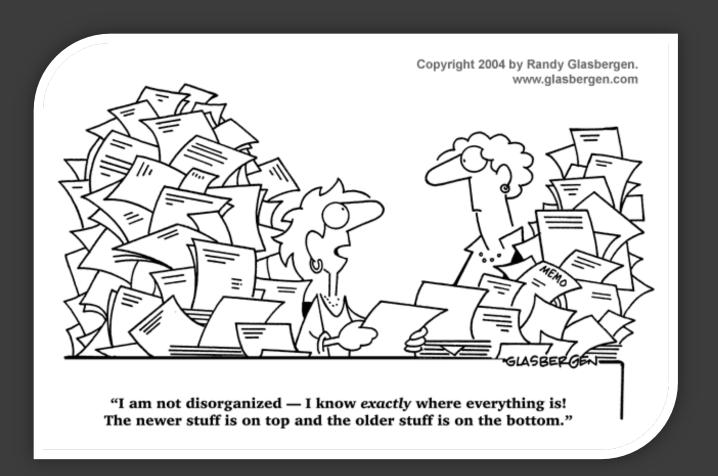
- Available if...
 - Public office acted in bad faith in providing records <u>after</u> mandamus lawsuit filed
- Not Available if...
 - Any well-informed person would have reasonably believed at the time that the conduct of your office was not violating the letter or spirit of the PRA

RECORDS CREATION

"Shall make" only necessary records



ORGANIZE AND MAINTAIN



RECORDS RETENTION APPROVAL

Local Records Commission



Ohio History Connection (State Archives)



Auditor of State



CONTENTS OF RETENTION SCHEDULES

Series Title

Series Description

Retention Period

Retention Format

Disposal Method

FACTORS DETERMINING RETENTION PERIOD

Administrative Purpose

Fiscal Tracking

Legal Value

Historical Value

RESOURCES



Ohio History Connection State Archives

Department of Administrative Services General Schedules

for Contractors/Vendors fo		for Gov	ernment Entities for State Employees	for the Public
	General S	chedules		
m to Welcome	Classification:	-List all General-	▼ Subclassification:	-List all for Classification- ▼
Bl/e	Series Number	Title	Description	Retention Period
General Schedule List th	GAR-PP-01	Directives, Manuals and Handbooks	Publications produced by an agency detailing operations, regulations, and/or procedures of an agency.	Retain until superseded, obsolete, or replaced, then transfer to State Archivitheir possible retention or destruction.
	GAR-PP-02	Departmental Policies and Procedures	Includes published reports, unpublished substantive reports and policy studies.	Retain until superseded, obsolete or replaced, then transfer to State Archivitreir possible retention or destruction.
co/Ovision/ con List Map	GAR-PP-03	Executive Orders and Proclamations	Instructions issued by the Governor as the Chief Executive of State Government (Original on file permanently with Secretary of State).	Retain until superseded, obsolete, or replaced, then destroy.
	GAR-FP-04	Management and Operations Reports	Reports created by state agency staff or outside consultants concerning the management or operations of a state agency.	Retain until audited by Auditor of State and audit report is released and all discrepancies are resolved, then transfer to State Archives for their possible retention or destruction.
	GAR-RPM-01	Annual Reports	also includes other published periodic reports on agency activities.	Upon publication, fulfill the requirements of O.R.C. 149.11. Destroy excess when no longer of administrative value.
	GAR-RPM-02	Publications, State	Printed matter published by state agencies for distribution to the public.	Upon publication, fulfill the requirements of O.R.C. 149.11. Destroy excess when no longer of administrative value.
	GAR-RPM-03	Speeches	Printed or recorded copies of public speeches given by representatives of state agencies.	Retain in agency until no longer of administrative value, then transfer to sta archives for their possible retention or destruction.
Manuse Susy Contacts	GAR-RPM-04	Newspaper Releases and News Bulletins	lincludes neursipress releases and bulletins issued by an agency.	Retain in agency until no longer of administrative value, then transfer to sta archives for their possible retention or destruction.
	GAR-RPM-05	Photo File	includes negatives, prints, sides, transparencies, and related items.	Retain until information is no longer current then to State Archives for possi retention or destruction.
	GAR-RPM-05	Audiovisual Materials	Includes exhibits, movies, and videotape productions.	Retain until information is no longer current, then to State Archives.
	GAR-RFM-07	Monthly & Weekly Reports	Documents status of on-going projects and issues; advises supervisors of various events and issues.	Retain 1 year, then destroy.
	GAR-RPM-08	Minutes of Agency Staff Meetings	Minutes and supporting records documenting internal policy decisions.	Retain 2 years, then transfer to State Archives for their possible retention of destruction.
	CAR-RPM-09	Minutes of Official Public Meetings	Official minutes, orders and decisions of a state agency, commission, board, or council.	Retain 2 years, then transfer to State Archives for their possible retention of destruction.
	GAR-RPM-10	Visitore' Log	Records documenting the entry and departure of employees and visitors into a State office building during and/or after office hours.	Retain 1 year, then destroy.
	GAR-CM-01	Correspondence, Executive	Correspondence of the head of an agency dealing with significant aspects of the administration of their offices. Correspondence includes information concerning agency policies, procedures, program, fiscal and personnel matters.	Retain 2 years then transfer to State Archives.
	GAR-CM-02	Correspondence, General	Includes internal correspondence (letters, memos); also, correspondence from various individuals, companies, and organizations requesting information pertaining to approxy and legal interpretations and other miscollareou impairies. This correspondence is informative (if does not attempt to influence agency policy).	s Retain 6 months, then destroy.
	GAR-CM-04	Lists Directories	Includes Mailing lists, directories, rosters, and registers compiled by an agency.	Retain until superseded, obsolete, or replaced, then destroy.
	GAR-CM-05	Transient Documents	includes telephone messages, post-8-notes, drafts and other limited documents which serve to convey information of temporary importance in lieu of oral communication.	Retain until no longer of administrative value, then destroy.
	GAR-RR-01	Records Relention Schedule	A form used to identify the length of time a record must be retained before final disposition.	Retain until superseded by a revised retention schedule, or until record ser- longer maintained, then destroy.
	GAR-FR-02	Records Inventory & Analysis Worksheet	Used for conducting an invertory of an agency's record series. Requests vital information to be used in determining the retention period and disposition of a record.	Retain until superseded by an updated inventory or until record series is nu created, then destroy.



HAVE RETENTION SCHEDULES READILY AVAILABLE



DISPOSE OF RECORDS PROPERLY

As provided for by:

- Law
- Records retention schedules



LIABILITIES FOR IMPROPER DISPOSAL

Potential Consequences:

- Civil lawsuit
- Court of Claims proceeding
- Forfeiture of \$1,000 per violation
- Attorney fees



"PERSON AGGRIEVED"

http://www.ohiochannel.org/MediaLibrary/Media.aspx?fileId=130353





R.C. 149.351

Not "aggrieved" if request was contrived to create liability

OPEN MEETINGS ACT OVERVIEW



WHO IS SUBJECT AND WHEN?

Applies to "public bodies" when:

- 1) there is a <u>prearranged</u> gathering of
- a majority of the members of a public body
- 3 conducting or discussing public business



"PUBLIC BODIES"

Includes committees and sub-committees



"MEETING"

Prearranged



Discussion of Public Business



Majority of Members

RETREATS, WORK SESSIONS, ETC.?





MEETING MUST BE USED FOR DISCUSSION AND DELIBERATION OF "OFFICIAL BUSINESS"

NOT NECESSARILY FOR ...



Information gathering



Presentations



Isolated conversations between employees

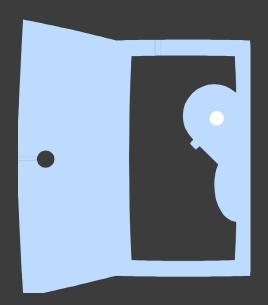
MEETING OBLIGATIONS

1. Notice

2. Openness

3. Minutes







NOTICE RULE REQUIREMENTS

Be consistent

AND

2. Actually reach the public

OBLIGATION 1: NOTICE

Public bodies establish their own notice rules



NOTICE REQUIREMENTS DEPEND ON TYPE OF MEETING

Two Types of Meetings:

Regular

Prescheduled Intervals

Special

Anything other than Regular

NOTICE: REGULAR MEETINGS

Regular Time Place

NOTICE: SPECIAL MEETINGS

Special Time Place Purpose



SPECIAL MEETINGS: MEDIA

At least 24 hours notice to all media outlets that have requested it



EMERGENCY MEETINGS

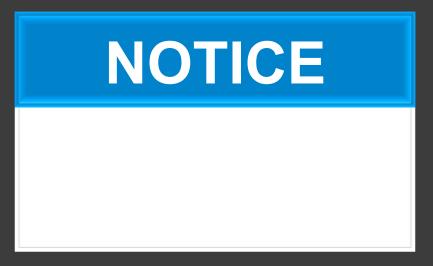
Immediate Notice Required



- Type of special meeting
- Must include media with notice

NOTICE TO PUBLIC OF PLANNED DISCUSSION OF PARTICULAR TOPIC

- Public body must have a method to sign up for such notice
- 2. May require payment of reasonable fee



OBLIGATION 2: OPENNESS



OPENNESS

Vote and take official actions in public



OPENNESS

No round-robin meetings



No voting by secret ballot



OPENNESS

Forum requirements:

- 1. Public
- 2. In area public body serves
- 3. Large enough



RECORDING AND SPEAKING?

Cannot ban non-disruptive recording







Do not have to allow public participation





QUIZ

Township trustees hold a regular meeting, where all the members attend, and provide the proper notice to the public. But the doors to the meeting room are accidentally locked while the meeting is ongoing.





Proper notice was given



Minutes were taken



Openness denied to latecomers





OBLIGATION 3: MINUTES

Requirements:

- 1. Promptly prepared
- 2. Filed
- 3. Maintained
- 4. Open to public



REQUIRED CONTENT

- Not verbatim transcript, but ...
- Must allow public (including those who did not attend) to understand decisions of the public body



EXECUTIVE SESSION



PROPER PROCEDURE

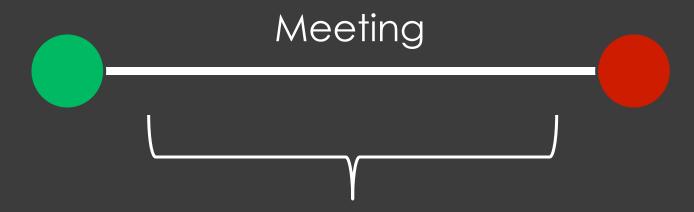
Motion

Second

Roll Call Vote

Identify <u>particular</u> purpose and matter

Do not **BEGIN** or **END** a meeting in executive session



Insert executive session here!

NINE ACCEPTABLE EXECUTIVE SESSION TOPICS

- 1. Certain personnel matters (must be specific)
- 2. Purchase or sale of property
- 3. Pending or imminent court action
- 4. Collective bargaining matters
- 5. Matters required to be kept confidential
- 6. Security matters
- Hospital trade secrets
- Confidential business information of an applicant for economic development assistance
- 9. Veterans Service Commission applications

QUIZ

Township trustees want to go into executive session to discuss a general OMA issue. Chair moves to adjourn with the board's attorney to "discuss some legal matters with the attorney for the trustees." Roll call vote.





Started in open session



Roll call vote to enter executive session



Pending or imminent legal action

Potential OMA violation



WHO CAN BE PRESENT?

1. Members

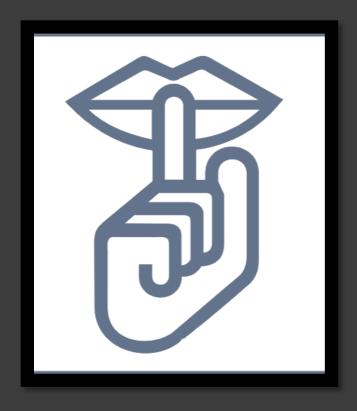
 But cannot exclude minority!



2. Anyone else the members invite

CONFIDENTIALITY?

- No confidentiality provisions <u>created</u> in OMA
- Other laws, like Ethics Law, may require confidentiality (but only of the members!)



WHAT NOT TO DO IN EXECUTIVE SESSION



Vote

Make Any Decisions





Discuss Other Matters

VIRTUAL PARTICIPATION?



Not unless specifically authorized by law...

WHO ENFORCES THE OMA?

"Any person" by filing a lawsuit

 No public entity enforces the OMA



POTENTIAL LIABILITIES

- 1. Fine
- 2. Attorney fees
- 3. Invalidation of action(s) taken
- 4. Removal from office



QUESTIONS?



ANSWERS

Ohio Attorney General's Sunshine Laws Webpage

www.OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov/Sunshine

Ohio Sunshine Laws Manual

www.OhioAttorneyGeneral.gov/YellowBook

Ohio Attorney General Mike DeWine
Public Records Unit
614-466-2872