



**Ohio Soil Test Phosphorus  
and  
Environmental Issues**

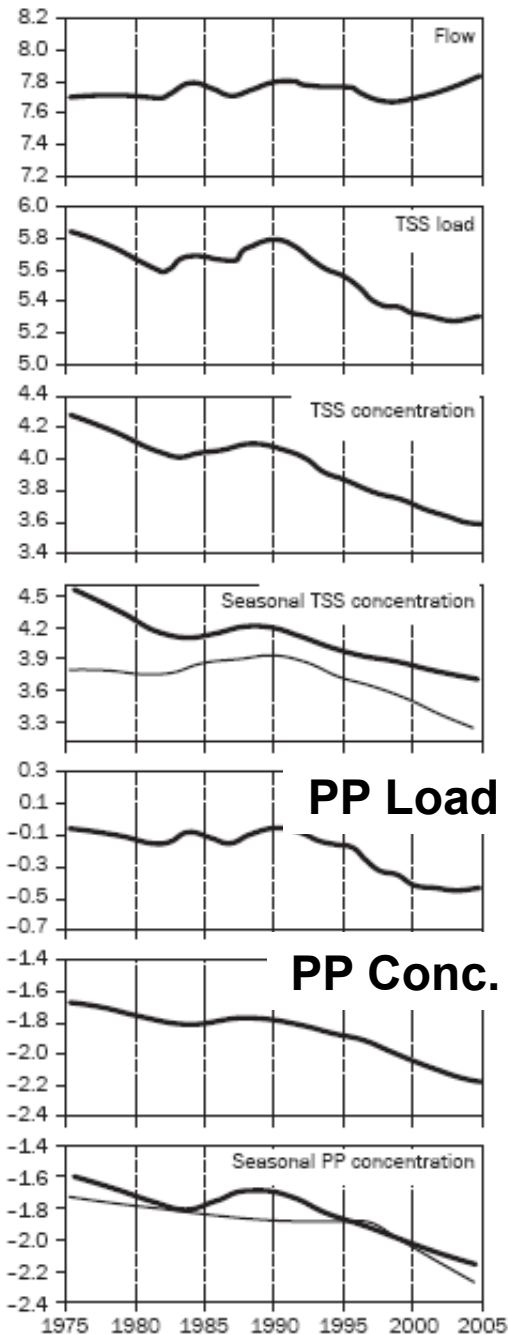
**E.A. (Libby) Dayton (OSU)  
Sakthi Subburayalu (OSU)  
Robert Mullen  
Kevin King (USDA-ARS)**



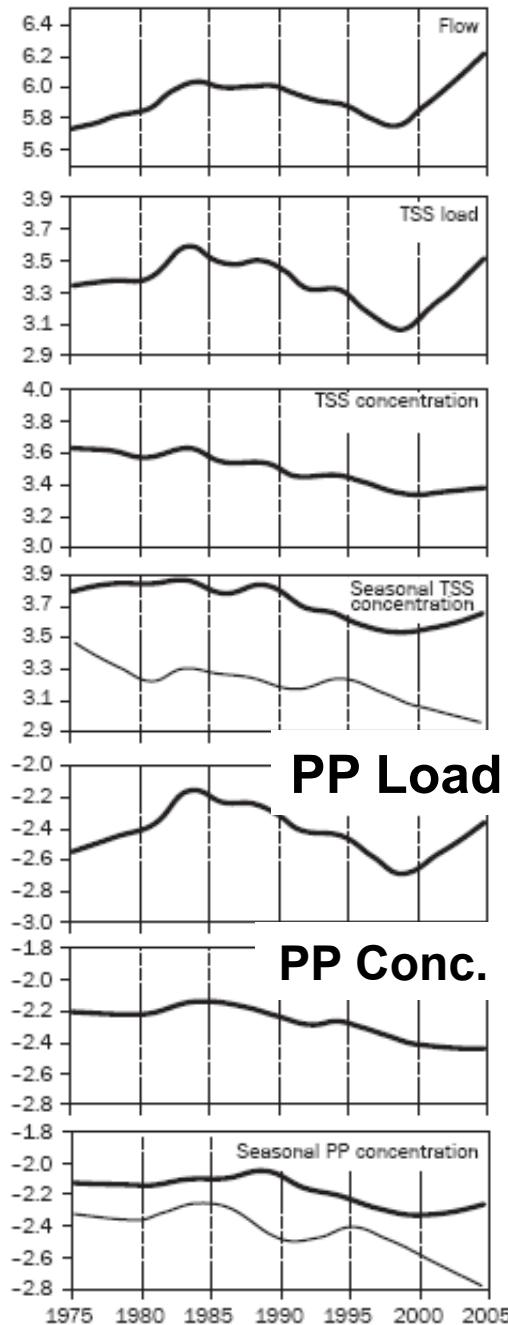
## Today's Presentation

- **Brief overview of Ohio water quality issues**
- **Assessment Tools used to predict Risk of Phosphorus (P) transport (runoff/drainage)**
- **A quick look at Ohio soil test P status**
- **Next generation of Ohio P Risk Assessment Tools**

# Maumee



# Sandusky



## First the Good News!

Data from  
Heidelberg University  
Tributary Monitoring Program  
1975 to 2005

### Reductions in PP

#### Load

Maumee = 33%

Sandusky = 18%

#### Concentration

Maumee = 37%

Sandusky = 27%

Richards, R.P. et al., 2009.  
J. Soil and Water Conservation 64:200-211

## Continued

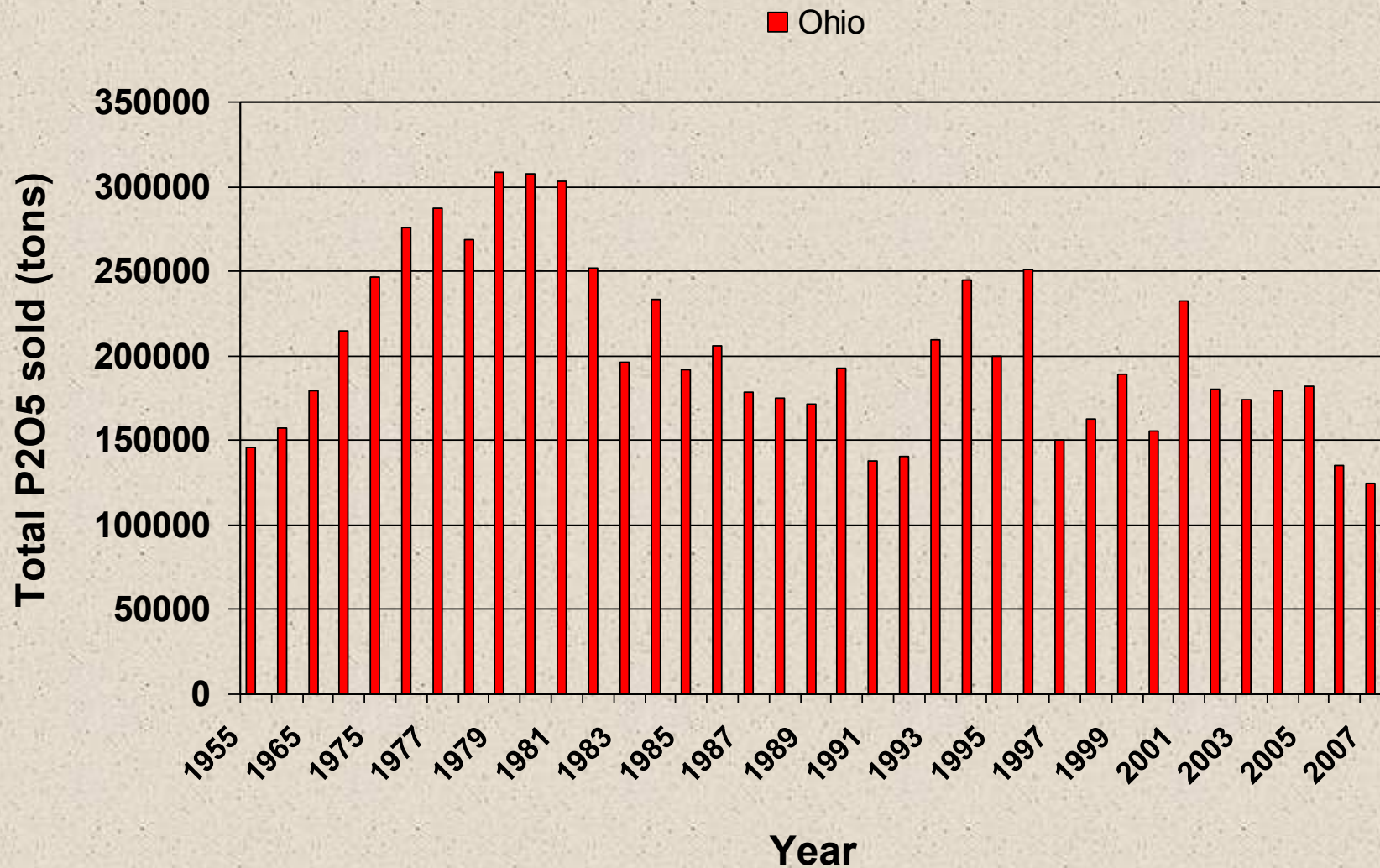
**“The management goal of 11,000 metric tons of total P/yr from all sources was first met in the mid 1980s and has been met since then in more years than not.”**

**“....these results are consistent with the expected benefits of erosion-control practices, such as **reduced tillage** and the use of **filter strips**.”**

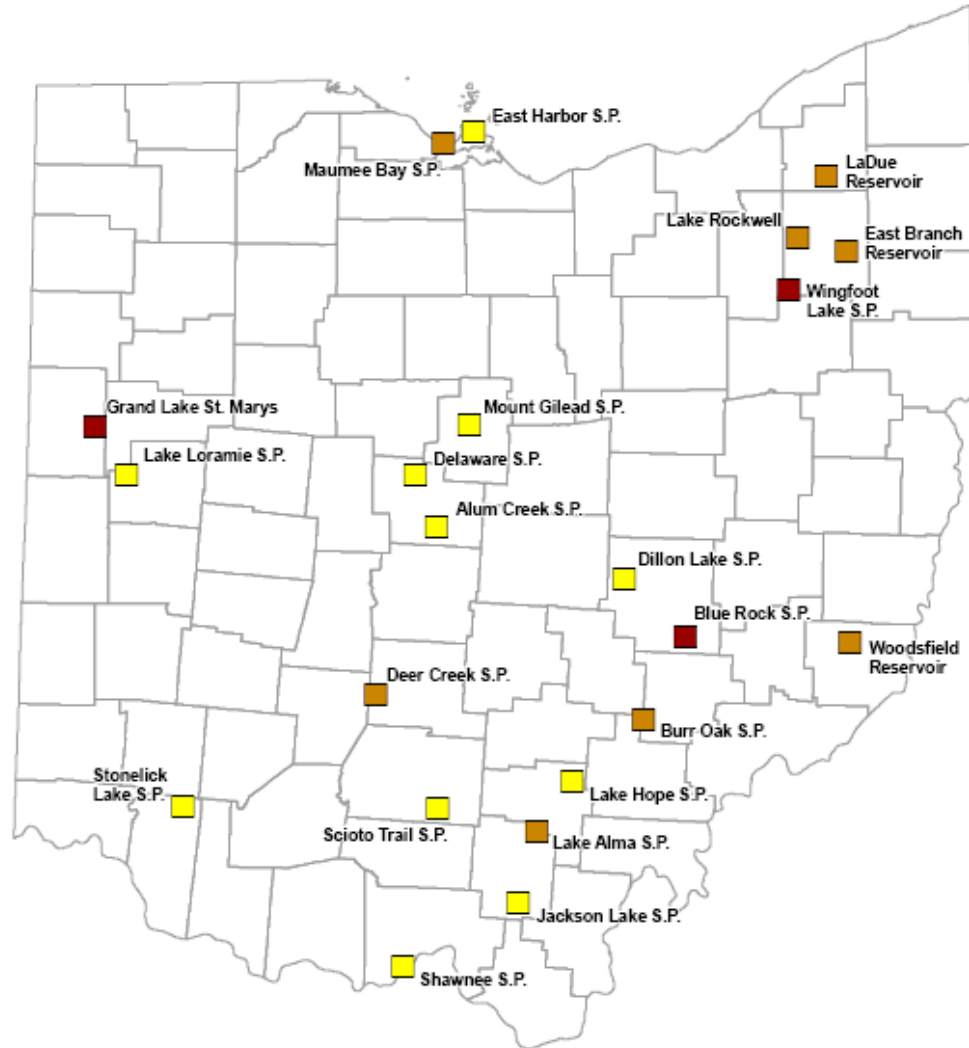
**Federal and State USDA conservation programs**

# Phosphorus Fertilizer Sales Trends

Robert Mullen & Melissa Herman, SENR



## Ohio Harmful Algal Bloom Advisories in 2010

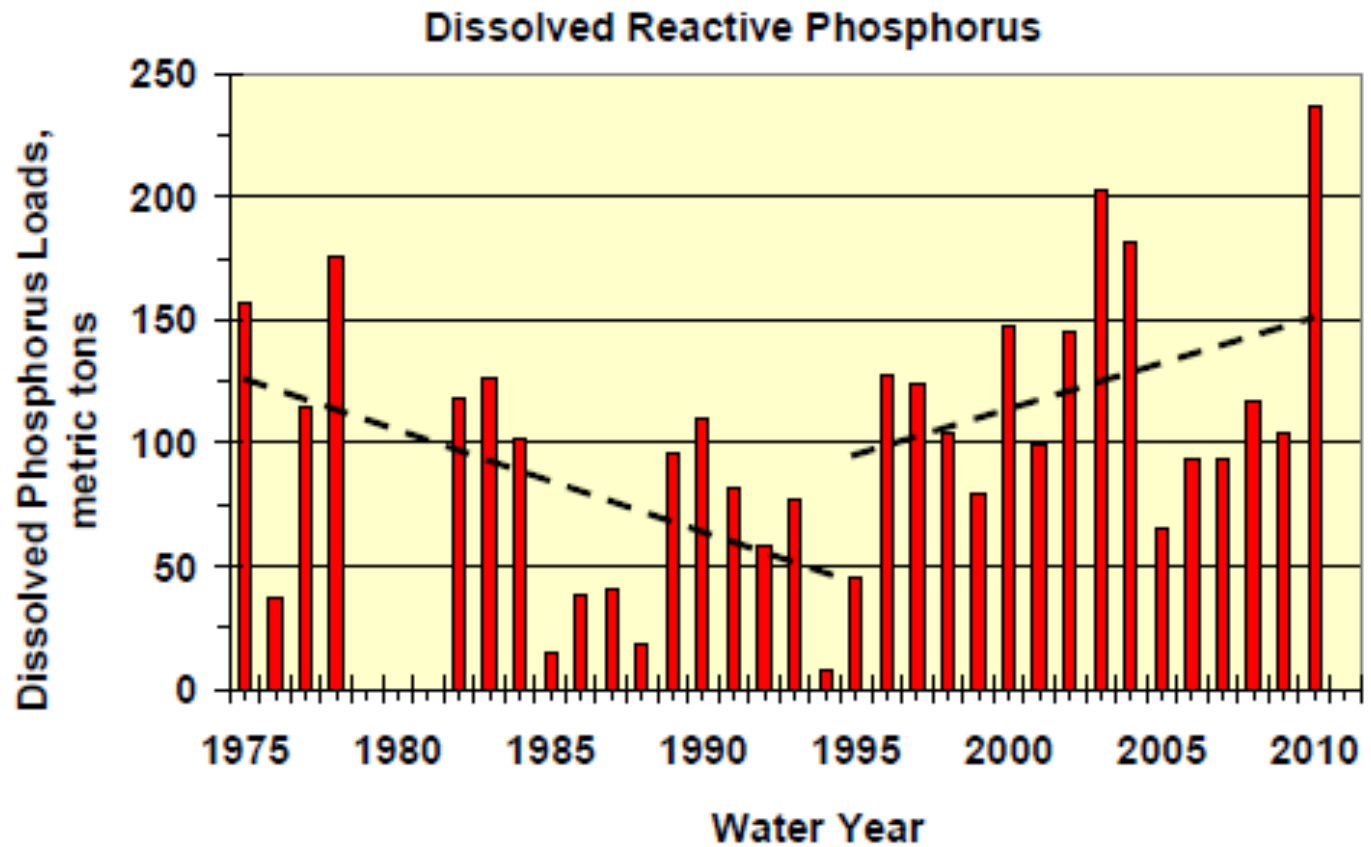


- No Contact
- Toxin
- Bloom

## However... Summer 2010 & 11



**Yikes!**



## Water Quality News and Notes Technical Supplement

Heidelberg College  
www.heidelberg.edu/wql  
310 East Market Street  
Tiffin, Ohio 44883-2462  
Phone: 419.448.2198  
Fax: 419.448.2345

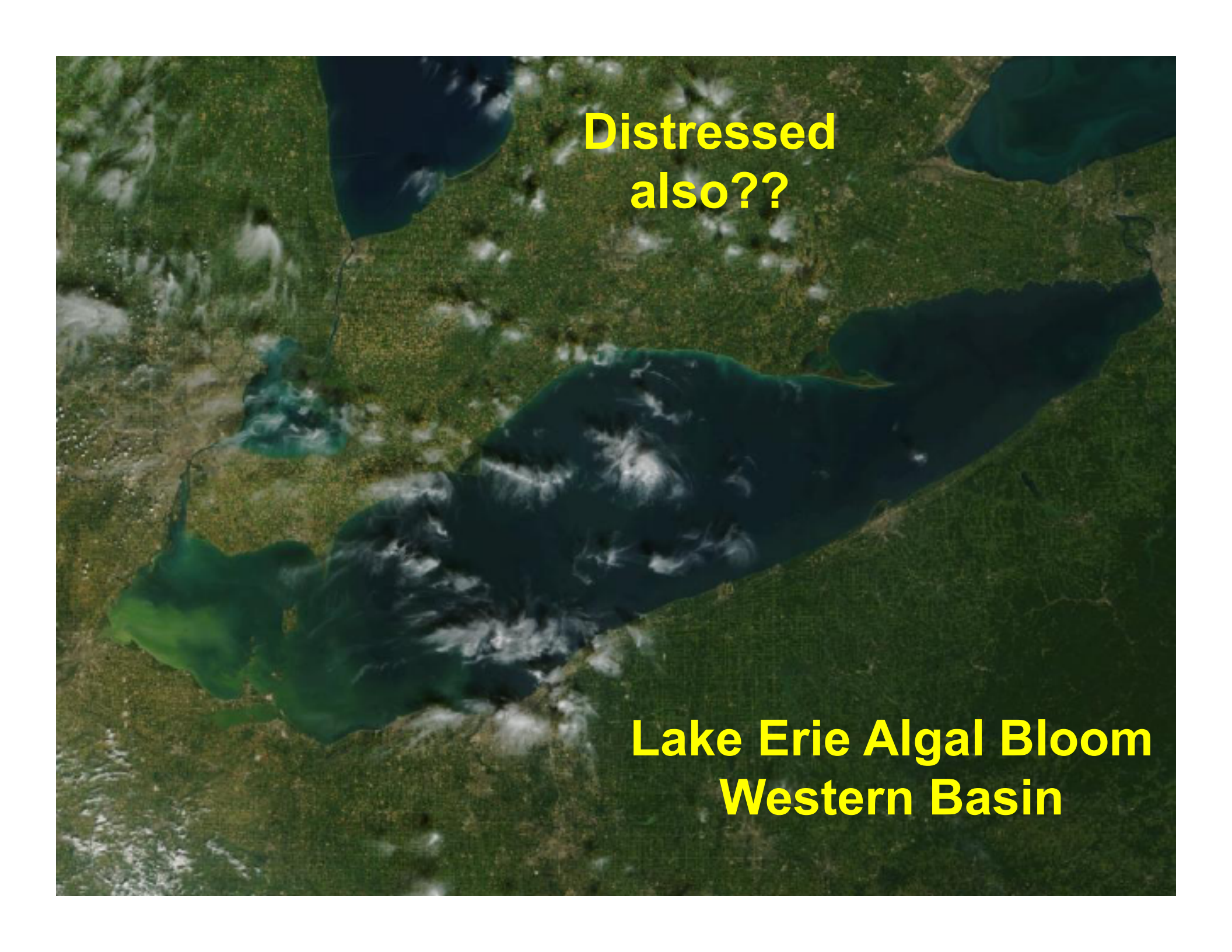
July 19, 2010

### Record Amounts of Dissolved Phosphorus Hit Lake Erie

**ODNR Distressed Watershed Rules**  
**Grand Lake St Marys**



**[http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/portals/12/water/watershedprograms/GLSM/Watershed\\_in\\_Distres\\_FactSheet.pdf](http://www.dnr.state.oh.us/portals/12/water/watershedprograms/GLSM/Watershed_in_Distres_FactSheet.pdf)**

A satellite image of Lake Erie, showing a large, dark green algal bloom in the western basin. The bloom is surrounded by lighter green water, indicating a concentration of algae. The surrounding land is visible in shades of green and brown.

**Distressed  
also??**

**Lake Erie Algal Bloom  
Western Basin**

# **In Response to Increased Degradation of Ohio Surface Water**

## **OEPA Lake Erie Phosphorus Task Force**

- Convened in 2007**
- Charge: To identify and evaluate potential point and nonpoint sources of P loading to Lake Erie**

### **Final Report 2010**

**[http://www.epa.state.oh.us/portals/35/lakeerie/  
ptaskforce/Task\\_Force\\_Final\\_Report\\_April\\_2010.pdf](http://www.epa.state.oh.us/portals/35/lakeerie/ptaskforce/Task_Force_Final_Report_April_2010.pdf)**

## One Major Finding

**Agriculture is a primary source of P to Lake Erie**



## Research Needs

**Consensus: Examine/Revise  
Ohio Agricultural P management Tools  
To reduce P transport**

# What Are the Edge-of-Field Nutrient Transport Concerns??



**Tile  
Drainage**



**Surface Runoff**

**Transport of sediment-bound and dissolved P  
on both concentration and load (vol. water x conc.) basis**

**Ohio Agriculture is Being Targeted  
due to  
P transport into Ohio surface waters**



**P is culprit for harmful  
algal blooms**

**Will Ohio Agriculture  
Take the Lead in  
Protecting Water Quality  
While maintaining production?**

**Avoid additional regulations  
Good Public Relations**

## Ohio Phosphorus Management Tools

**In Ohio, the risk of agricultural P transport to surface water is assessed by the Ohio USDA-NRCS:**

**Phosphorus Risk Index (P Index) Assessment Procedure**

**within the**

**Nitrogen and Phosphorus Risk Assessment Procedures**

**Critical Part of Ohio Nutrient Management Plans (NMPs)**

**[http://efotg.nrcs.usda.gov/references/public/OH/Nitrogen and Phosphorous Risk Assessment Procedures.pdf](http://efotg.nrcs.usda.gov/references/public/OH/Nitrogen_and_Phosphorous_Risk_Assessment_Procedures.pdf)**

# Ohio P Risk Index Framework

$$\text{P Index Score} = \text{Transport Factors} + \text{Source Factors}$$

**Transport Factors**

- Runoff potential
- Erosion potential
- Connectivity to water
- Filter Strip yes/no

**Source Factors**

- Soil test P (STP)
- Planned P
- Application amount & method

**Evaluates risk P transport at the field-scale**

# Lake Erie Protection Fund Study

**Analysis of Soil Testing Laboratories & Data Mining  
Mullen & Dayton,**

**Collected > 1,000,000 STP data points back to 1992  
Representing 50 Ohio counties  
at zip code resolution**



**Special Thanks !  
to  
A&L, Brookside, and  
Spectrum Analytic**

# Some Data Issues

Data only represents those who soil test

Good stewards

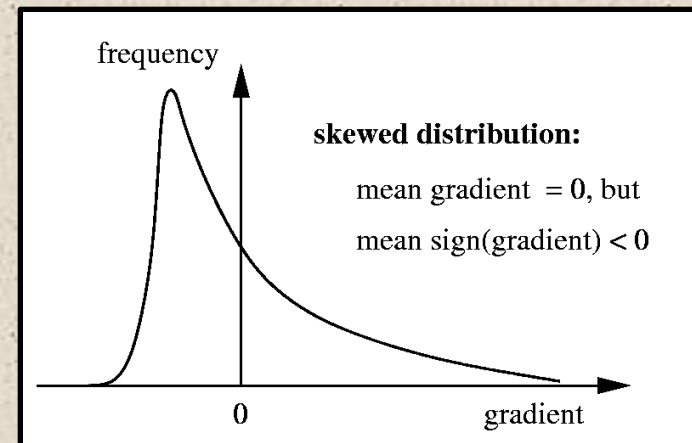
CAFO

Farm Bill Conservation program participants

No assurance that these were “normal” field soils

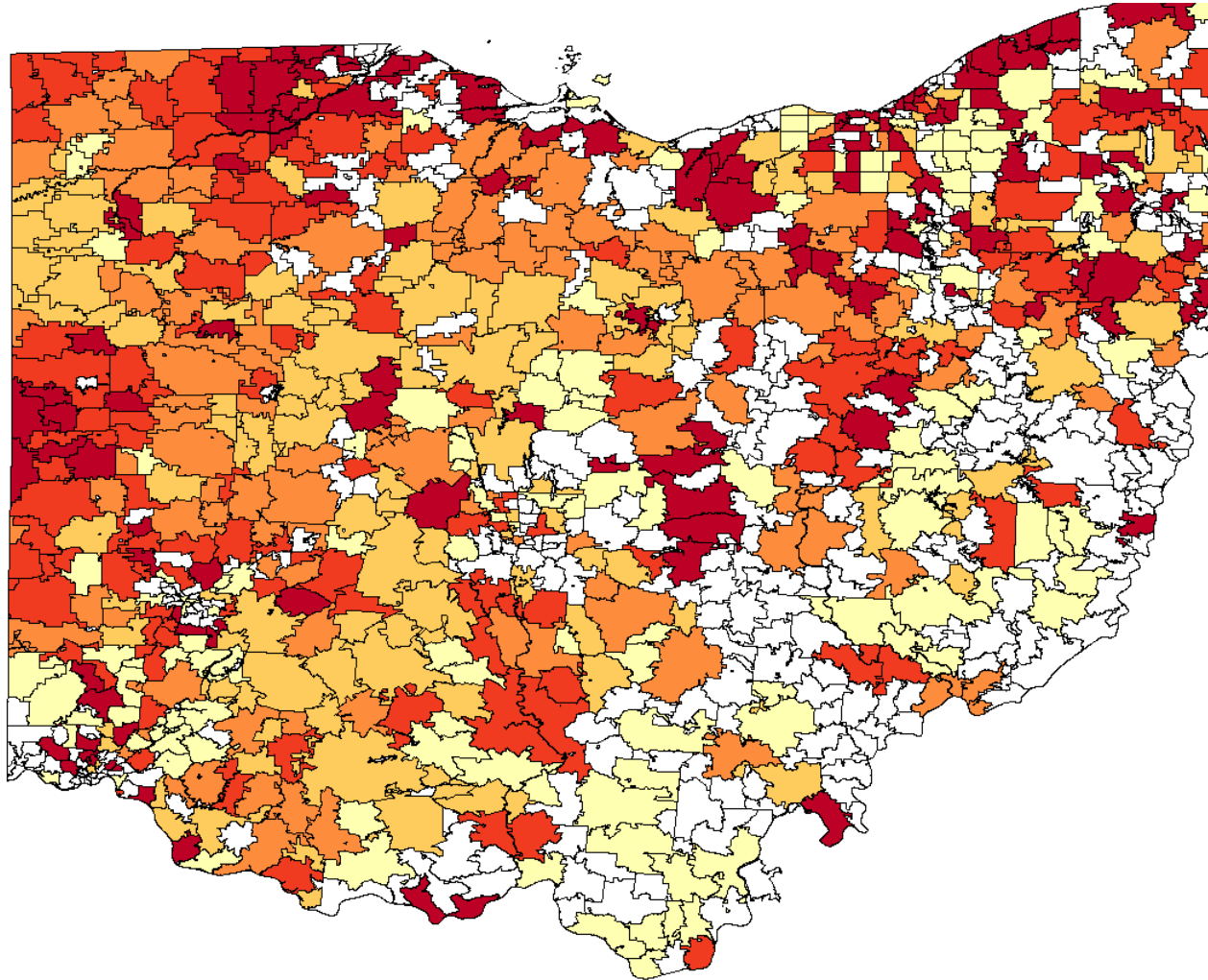
Large variation in numbers of samples/zip code/region over time period

Potential for huge ranges in STP creating skewed distributions



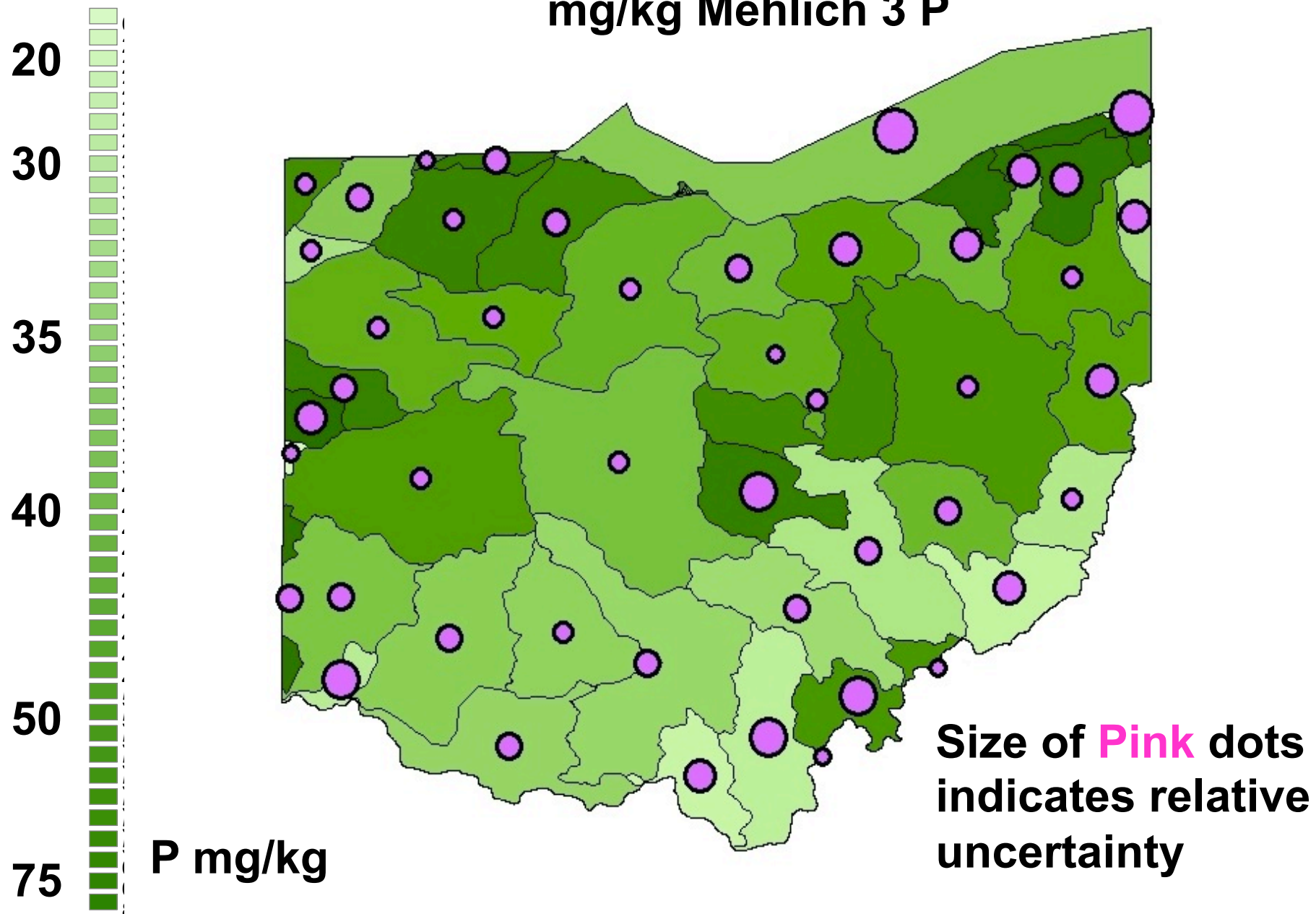
Is it possible some of these are not soils, but may be manure samples or paddock samples?

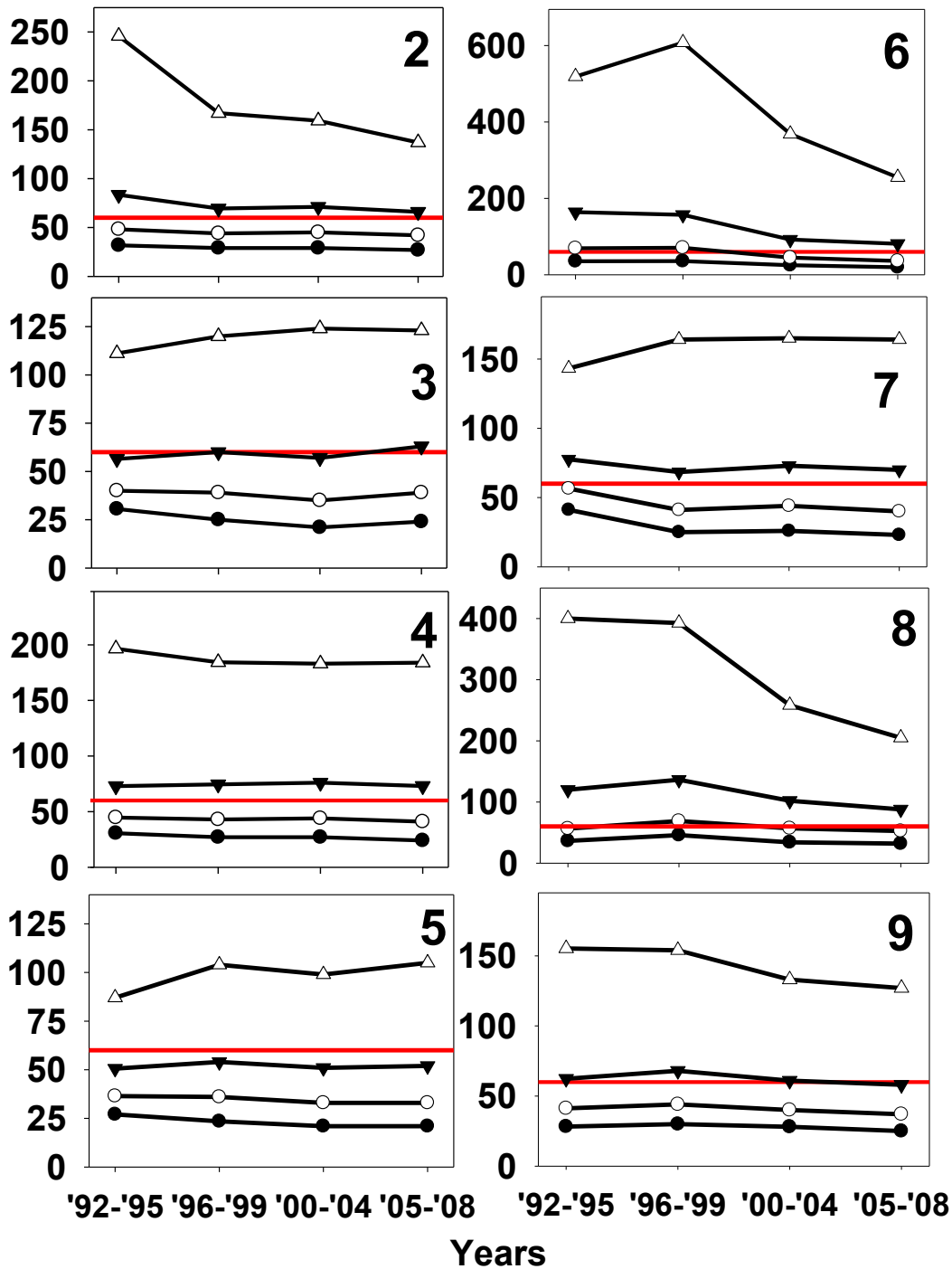
# Spatial Distribution of Median P STP by zip code



Range 4 to > 64 mg/kg

# Median (50 percentile) Sub Region STP mg/kg Mehlich 3 P





# Trends in STP 1992 - 2008



**Reference Line**   
60 ppm M3P

Percentiles  
Gives overview of  
frequency  
distribution of STP

# Next Generation Ohio P Management Tools

## Ohio P Risk Index Initiative (OPRII)

Because the P Index provides a field-scale estimate of *Risk* of P transport off farm fields

**Used to judge performance !!**

### Objectives:

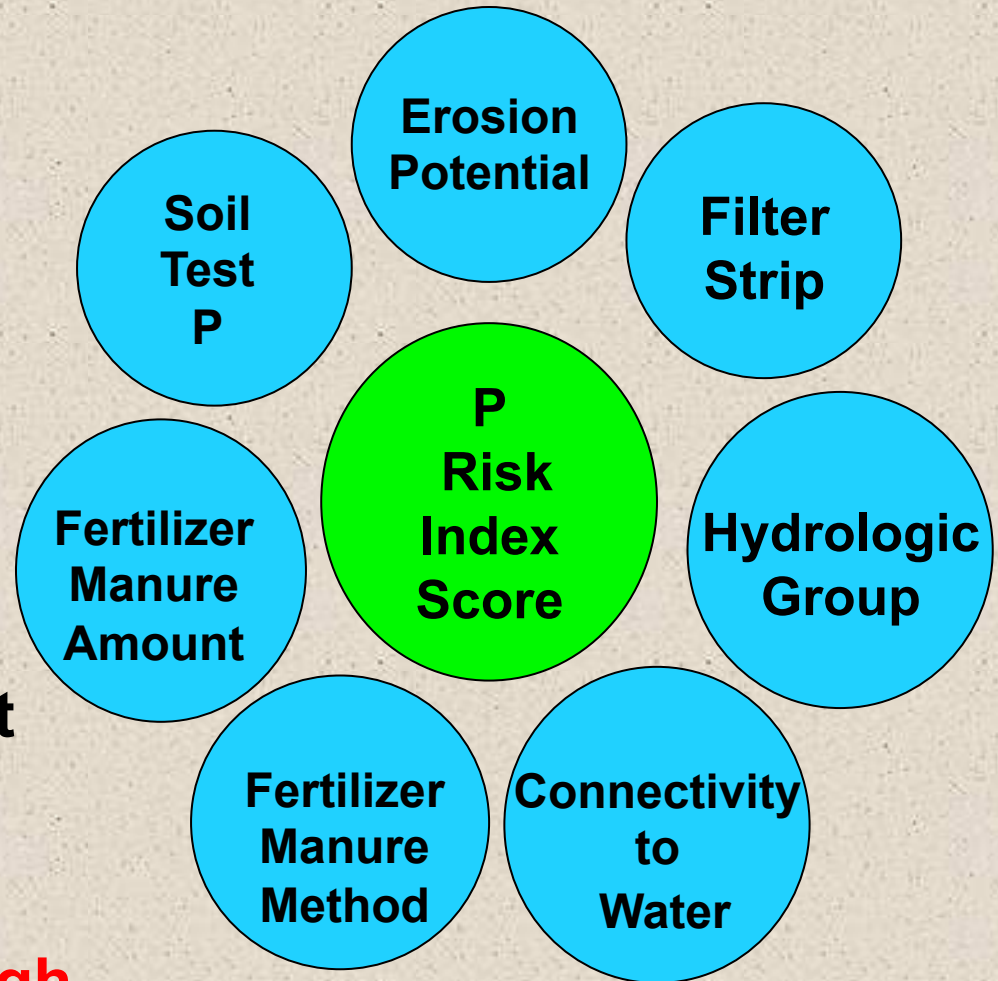
1. Provide confidence that Ohio P Index score accurately reflects risk of P transport at the edge-of-field
2. Increased management options (BMPs) integrated into the Ohio P Index for fields with high scores
3. Promote broad implementation of revised/improved Ohio P Index to protect Ohio surface water quality

# 1. Validate/Revise Current Ohio P Index: Ensure P Index Scores accurately reflect P transport **RISK** at the field-scale using, edge-of- field monitoring

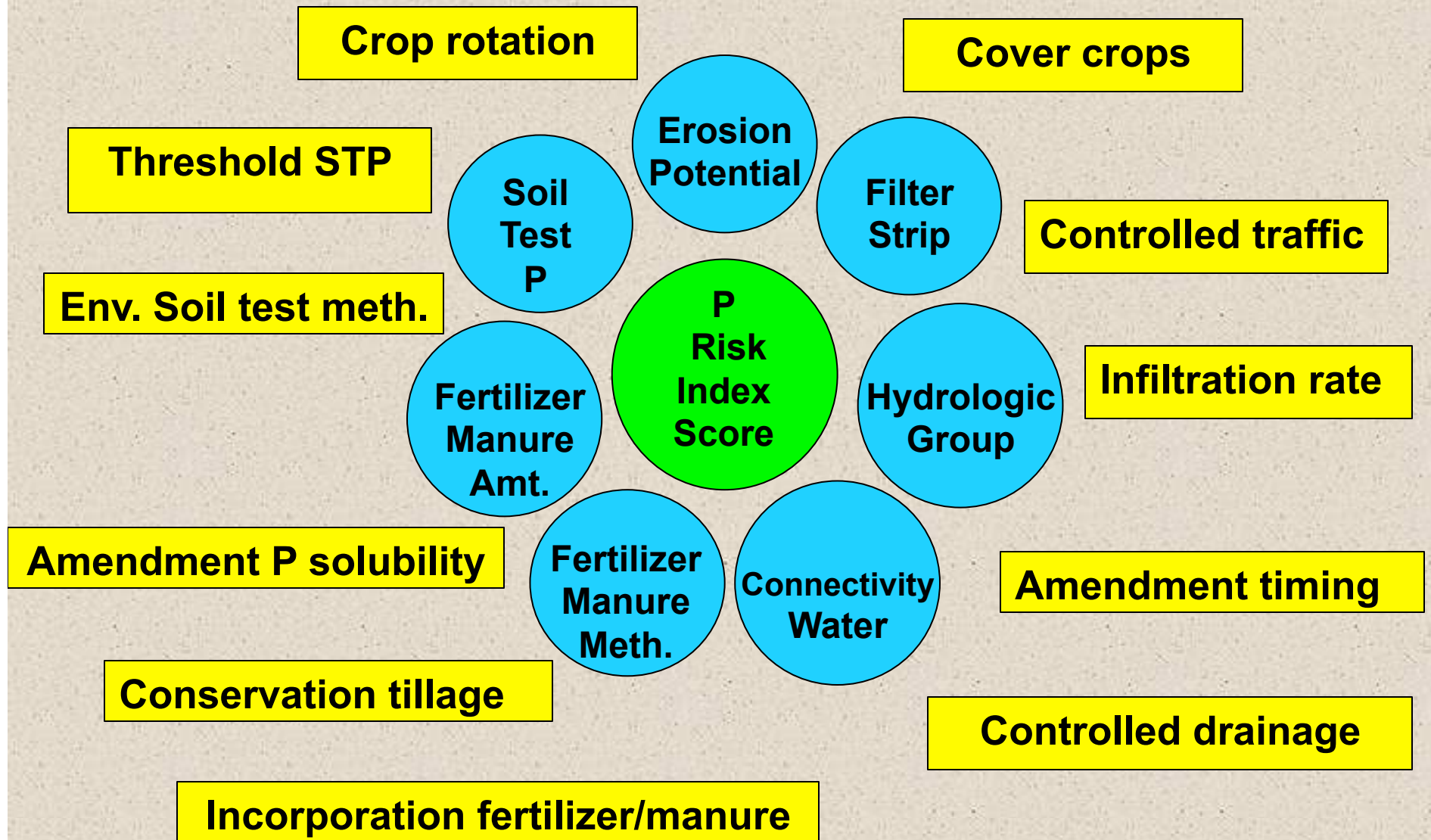


Parameters used in current  
Ohio P Index  
to calculate scores

Low, medium, high & very high  
risk



## 2. Integrate additional (BMPs) into P Index Give Farmers more management options



### **3. Implement Revised Ohio P Index**

#### **On-Line Interactive Tool**

**Develop easy to use on-line, interactive, GIS based tool so farmers can calculate their Index Score**

**Further! Additional BMP options to choose from to reduce P transport risk and Ohio P Index score**

**Important !!**

**If a BMP NOT Officially in Ohio P Risk Index Farmer does NOT get CREDIT for it**

## Conclusions

**NEED to REDUCE P load to Ohio surface waters**

**The Ag Community can take the lead in this effort**









**Soil Test P is an important component**

**The Ohio P Index can play an important role in  
P management**

**Good Ohio P Index Scores will provide GOOD  
DEFENSE for farmers**

**Once revised, the P Risk Index will only be  
effective if it is routinely utilized**

## The OPRII Team..... So far

 <b>E.A. (Libby) Dayton</b> Soil Scientist	 <b>Kevin King</b> Hydrologist/Engineer	 <b>Chris Holloman</b> Dir. Statistical Consulting
 <b>OSU Extension</b>	 <b>Ohio Small Grains</b>	 <b>Ohio Soybean Council</b>
 <b>Ohio Department of Agriculture</b>	<b>Ohio Small Grains</b>	 <b>NRCS</b> Natural Resources Conservation Service

## Questions??

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**School of Environment and  
Natural Resources**