

Activity Preview

Iatrogenesis Prescription Drugs in Psychiatric Disorders

Activity Type

Live Webinar

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Overview

The DSM 5 diagnostic criteria always require that general medical conditions or drug-induced symptoms are ruled out before a clinician diagnosis a patient with having a primary psychiatric disorder. There are in fact many psychiatric symptoms triggered not only by recreational drugs, but also by prescription medications that are widely used in primary care and specialized care. Medical conditions associated with depression include endocrinopathies, neurologic disorders, vitamin deficiencies and cardiovascular disease. Medical disorders associated with anxiety include hyperthyroidism, COPD, asthma, diabetes, chronic pain, irritable bowel, pheochromocytoma, Lyme disease, head trauma, vascular dementia, Parkinson's disease, Lupus, rheumatoid arthritis, loss of estrogen and electrolyte imbalance. Symptoms of mania can be associated with infections, epilepsy, stroke, brain tumors, influenza and hemodialysis. Psychotic symptoms can result from CNS diseases, toxins, autoimmune diseases, chromosomal abnormalities, infectious diseases, nutritional deficits, endocrine disorders and metabolic diseases.

On the other hand, prescription drugs can also generate psychopathology symptoms. Steroids are associated with psychosis, mania, depression and anxiety. Similar symptoms can be associated with ACE inhibitors, anticholinergic drugs, anticonvulsants, barbiturates, benzodiazepines, beta-adrenergic drugs, calcium channel blockers, dopamine agonists for Parkinson's, certain antibiotics, antihistamines, NSAIDS, opioids, procaine derivatives, salicylates, SSRIs and sulfonamides. In summary, psychiatrists must screen for medical conditions and recreational/prescription medications in every patient they evaluate to rule out an iatrogenic disorder (drug-induced secondary psychiatric illness) rather than a primary psychiatric disorder. Discontinuation of the offending agent may be the treatment of choice if iatrogenesis is established.

Learning Objectives

- 1) Review the medical conditions that are associated with mood, anxiety and psychotic disorders.
- 2) Recognize the risk of triggering various psychotic symptoms with many prescription drugs.
- 3) List the prescription medications associated with depression, anxiety, mania or psychosis.

Faculty

Henry Nasrallah, MD, DFAPA is Professor of Psychiatry, Neurology, & Neuroscience, Director, Neuropsychiatry and Schizophrenia Programs, University of Cincinnati College of Medicine. Dr. Nasrallah is a widely recognized neuropsychiatrist, educator and researcher. Following his psychiatric residency at the University of Rochester and neuroscience fellowship at the NIH, he served for 18 years as chair of psychiatry at 2 universities (Ohio State and St. Louis] and as associate dean for 4 years. He is currently Professor of Psychiatry, Neurology and Neuroscience, Medical Director of Neuropsychiatry Program and Director of the

Schizophrenia Program in the Department of Psychiatry and Behavioral Neuroscience at the University of Cincinnati College of Medicine.

Dr. Nasrallah's research focuses on the neurobiology and psychopharmacology of schizophrenia and psychotic mood disorders. He has published 425 scientific articles, 550 abstracts, 150 editorials, and 12 books. He is Editor-In-Chief of two journals (SCHIZOPHRENIA RESEARCH and CURRENT PSYCHIATRY) and is the co-founder of the Schizophrenia International Research Society (SIRS). He is a Distinguished Fellow of the American Psychiatric Association and served as president of the Ohio Psychiatric Physicians Foundation, president of the American Academy of Clinical Psychiatrists, President of the Missouri Psychiatric Association and the Scientific Director of the CURESZ Foundation. He has twice received the NAMI Exemplary Psychiatrist Award and was chosen as the U.S.A. Teacher of the Year by the Psychiatric Times. He has received the Golden Apple Teaching Award at 4 different universities. He has received over 95 research grants and is listed annually in the book "Best Doctors in America".

Disclosure

Dr. Nasrallah reports the following commercial interests:

Research Grant	None
Consultant	Acadia, Alkermes, Allergan, Boehringer, Janssen, Indivior, Intracellular, Neurocrine, Otsuka, Sunovion and Teva
Speaker's Bureau	Acadia, Alkermes, Allergan, Indivior, Janssen, Otsuka, Lundbeck, Neurocrine, Sunovion and Teva
Stock Ownership	None
Other Financial or Material Support	None

Dr. Nasrallah will not be discussing unapproved or investigational use of any product.

Target Audience

This activity is designed for psychiatrists and residents/fellows. Other groups may find this educational activity of interest, including: medical students, other non-psychiatrist physicians including primary care, as well as psychologists, nurses, social workers, counselors and other mental health care professionals.

Estimated Time

60 minutes

Continuing Medical Education Credit

This activity has been planned and implemented in accordance with the accreditation and policies of the Accreditation Council for Continuing Medical Education (ACCME) through the joint providership of the American Psychiatric Association (APA) and the Ohio Psychiatric Physicians Association (OPPA). The APA is accredited by the ACCME to provide continuing education for physicians.

The American Psychiatric Association designates this activity for a maximum of 1 AMA PRA Category 1 Credit. Physicians should claim only the credit commensurate with the extent of their participation in the activity.

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Planner Disclosures

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- Suzanne Sampang, MD, University of Cincinnati
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- Janet Shaw, MBA, Ohio Psychiatric Physicians Association, Columbus
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- Kristi Williams, MD, University of Toledo
Reports no financial relationships with commercial interests.
- Elizabeth Yoder, MD, Private Practice, Columbus
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Hardware/Software Requirements

System requirements

- A laptop computer, desktop computer, smartphone, or tablet
- An internet connection – broadband wired or wireless (3G or 4G/LTE)
- Speakers and a microphone – built-in or USB plug-in or wireless Bluetooth
- A webcam or HD webcam - built-in or USB plug-in

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